



THE  
**NEW ZEALAND GAZETTE.**

Published by Authority.

WELLINGTON, THURSDAY, APRIL 19, 1900.

*Defining the Middle Line of a Portion of the Paeroa-Waihi Railway.*

(L.S.)            RANFURLY, Governor.  
A PROCLAMATION.

WHEREAS the Paeroa-Waihi Railway—namely, from Paeroa to Waihi (hereinafter termed “the said railway”)—is a railway the construction of which is authorised by “The Railways Authorisation Act, 1899”: And whereas it has been determined to construct and maintain a portion of the same:

Now, therefore, I, Uchter John Mark, Earl of Ranfurly, the Governor of the Colony of New Zealand, in exercise and pursuance of the powers and authorities conferred by “The Public Works Act, 1894,” and in exercise of every other power and authority in anywise enabling me in this behalf, do hereby proclaim and declare that the middle line of the said portion of the said railway shall be that defined and set forth in the Schedule hereto.

SCHEDULE.

COMMENCING at a point in Te Rewarowa Block No. 2 (3748<sup>a</sup> in red); proceeding thence generally in an easterly direction for a distance of about 9 miles 45 chains, passing in, into, through, or over the following lands—viz., the said Te Rewarowa Block No. 2 (3748<sup>a</sup> in red), Tapuariki Block (6566 in red), Raratu Block No. 2 (4276 in red), Rural Section No. 155 Raratu Township, Wairere Block (3771 in red), Sections 1, 2, 21<sup>a</sup>, 22<sup>a</sup>, and 23, Raratu Township aforesaid, occupation lease, all in Block XIII., Ohinemuri Survey District; occupation lease, Crown lands, Sections 4, 3, 2, 1, and 30, Karangahake Township, and Crown lands, all in Block I., Aroha Survey District; Crown lands, Section No. 15, Crown lands, all in Block II., Aroha Survey District; Crown lands, Section No. 18, Owharua Block No. 2 (4150 in red), Quarry Reserve Waikino Township, and Crown lands, all in Block XIV., Ohinemuri Survey District; Crown lands, Section No. 14, Crown lands, agricultural lease, Crown lands, proposed railway reserve, and Section No. 134, Waihi Township—and terminating at a point in said Section 134: including all adjoining and intervening mining leases, claims, holdings, residence-sites, places, roads, streets, tracks, rivers, streams, and watercourses: all in the Land District of Auckland: in the manner delineated on the plan marked P.W.D. 18829, deposited in the office of the Minister for Public Works at Wellington.

Given under the hand of His Excellency the Right Honourable Uchter John Mark, Earl of Ranfurly; Knight Commander of the Most Distinguished Order of Saint Michael and Saint George;

Governor and Commander-in-Chief in and over Her Majesty's Colony of New Zealand and its Dependencies; and issued under the Seal of the said Colony, at the Government House, at Wellington, this fourteenth day of April, in the year of our Lord one thousand nine hundred.

WM. HALL-JONES,  
Minister for Public Works.

GOD SAVE THE QUEEN!

*Loburn Recreation - ground brought under “The Public Domains Act, 1881.”*

RANFURLY, Governor.  
ORDER IN COUNCIL.

At the Government Buildings, at Wellington, this fifth day of April, 1900.

Present:

THE RIGHT HONOURABLE R. J. SEDDON PRESIDING IN COUNCIL.

BY virtue of the powers and authorities vested in me by the twenty-fourth section of “The Public Reserves Act, 1881,” I, Uchter John Mark, Earl of Ranfurly, the Governor of the Colony of New Zealand, by and with the advice and consent of the Executive Council of the said colony, do hereby order and declare that the reserve made for public recreation in the Canterbury Land District, and known as the Loburn Recreation-ground, and described in the Schedule hereto, shall be and the same is hereby brought under the operation of and declared to be subject to the provisions of “The Public Domains Act, 1881”; and such domain shall hereafter be managed, administered, and dealt with in manner directed by the said Act.

SCHEDULE.

ALL that parcel of land in the Canterbury Land District, containing by admeasurement 25 acres, more or less, being Reserve No. 3442, Block II., Rangiora Survey District. Bounded towards the north by a line at right angles to the road forming the eastern boundary of Section No. 4057, to strike the southernmost corner of Section No. 20283, about 110 links; towards the north-east by the River Makerikeri; towards the south-east by Section No. 21206, 1209.4 links; and towards the west by a road-line, about 2600 links: be all the aforesaid linkages more or less: as the same is delineated on the plan deposited in the office of the Chief Surveyor, Christchurch.

ALEX. WILLIS,  
Clerk of the Executive Council.

*Powers delegated to the Loburn Domain Board under "The Public Domains Act, 1881."*

RANFURLY, Governor.

ORDER IN COUNCIL.

At the Government Buildings, at Wellington, this fifth day of April, 1900.

Present:

THE RIGHT HONOURABLE R. J. SEDDON PRESIDING IN COUNCIL.

WHEREAS by the twelfth section of "The Public Domains Act, 1881," it is, *inter alia*, enacted that the Governor, by Order in Council, may from time to time delegate all or any of the powers by the said Act conferred, save as is therein mentioned, to any person or persons, for any period, and subject to such stipulations as may be specified in such Order, and that every such delegation may from time to time in like manner be altered or revoked: And whereas, pursuant to "The Public Reserves Act, 1881," by an Order in Council of even date herewith, the land described in the Schedule hereto, situate in the Canterbury Land District, is declared to be brought under the operation of and to be subject to the provisions of the said "Public Domains Act, 1881":

Now, therefore, His Excellency the Governor, by and with the advice and consent of the Executive Council of the Colony of New Zealand, doth hereby, and in respect of the land hereinafter mentioned, delegate all the powers conferred by the said Act, except the powers conferred by sections five and twelve thereof, for the period of ten years from the date hereof (unless previously altered or revoked under the said Act), to the under-mentioned persons, who shall be known as the Loburn Domain Board, namely,—

JAMES WILLIAM ARMSTRONG, of Loburn, farmer;  
JAMES BRADY, of Loburn, farmer;  
HARRY SOMERVILLE CARMICHAEL, of Loburn, farmer;  
ALFRED JOHN CARMICHAEL, of Loburn, farmer; and  
PETER IVERACH, of Ashley, blacksmith

(herein referred to as "the Board"), subject to the stipulations hereinafter contained, that is to say,—

1. The Board shall meet for the transaction of business on the third Monday in each month, at half-past seven o'clock p.m., at the Public School, Loburn, or at such other time or place as may from time to time be fixed by the Board. The first meeting shall be held on Monday, the twenty-first day of May, one thousand nine hundred.

2. Special meetings may be convened by the Chairman or by any two members of the Board, provided that two days' notice of such meeting be given to each member, specifying the business to be transacted at such special meeting; and no other business than that so specified shall be transacted at such meeting.

3. Any three members of the Board shall form a quorum. Any meeting may be adjourned from time to time.

4. The members of the Board shall, at their first meeting, and thereafter at an annual meeting to be held on the third Monday in January in every succeeding year thereafter, elect one of themselves to be Chairman, who may join in the discussion, and shall have an original as well as a casting vote. The Chairman shall hold office until the election of his successor.

5. The Board shall prepare and submit at each annual meeting a report of the proceedings of the Board for the previous year ending on the thirty-first day of December, together with a statement of the receipts and expenditure of the Board for such year. A copy of every such report and statement, certified by the Chairman to be correct, shall be sent to the Minister of Lands as soon as possible after each annual meeting.

6. If at any meeting the Chairman is not present at the time appointed for holding the same, the members present shall choose some one of their number to be chairman of such meeting.

7. If, by resignation, death, or incapacity, or otherwise, the office of Chairman shall be or become vacant, the members may at any monthly or special meeting appoint a Chairman.

8. All questions shall be determined by the majority of votes of the members of the Board present at a meeting.

And with the like advice and consent as aforesaid doth hereby also order that this delegation shall take effect in respect of the parcel of Crown land described in the Schedule hereto.

SCHEDULE.

ALL that parcel of land in the Canterbury Land District, containing by admeasurement 25 acres, more or less, being Reserve No. 3442, Block II., Rangiora Survey District. Bounded towards the north by a line at right angles to the road forming the eastern boundary of Section No. 4057, to strike the southernmost corner of Section No. 20283;

about 110 links; towards the north-east by the River Makerikeri; towards the south-east by Section No. 21206, 1209'4 links; and towards the west by a road-line, about 2600 links: be all the aforesaid linkages more or less: as the same is delineated on the plan deposited in the office of the Chief Surveyor, Christchurch.

ALEX. WILLIS,  
Clerk of the Executive Council.

*Powers delegated to the Christchurch Domains Board under "The Public Domains Act, 1881."*

RANFURLY, Governor.

ORDER IN COUNCIL.

At the Government Buildings, at Wellington, this ninth day of April, 1900.

Present:

THE RIGHT HONOURABLE R. J. SEDDON PRESIDING IN COUNCIL.

IN pursuance and exercise of the powers and authorities vested in him by "The Public Domains Act, 1881," His Excellency the Governor of the Colony of New Zealand, by and with the advice and consent of the Executive Council thereof, doth hereby revoke a certain Order in Council, dated the ninth day of February, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-five, making delegation of certain powers in manner as therein appears; and doth hereby, with the like advice and consent, and in respect of the land hereinafter mentioned, delegate all the powers conferred by the said Act, except the powers conferred by sections five and twelve thereof, for the period of ten years from the date hereof (unless previously altered or revoked under the said Act), to the under-mentioned persons, who shall be known as the Christchurch Domains Board, namely,—

The Hon. William Rolleston,  
Richard James Strachan Harman,  
Hugh Percy Murray-Aynsley,  
Charles Christopher Bowen,  
Sidney Weetman,  
William Jacques,  
The Mayor of the City of Christchurch,  
The Mayor of the Borough of Sydenham,  
The Mayor of the Borough of St. Albans,  
The Mayor of the Borough of Linwood,  
The Chairman of the Selwyn County Council, and  
The Chairman of the Riccarton Road Board,

subject to the stipulations hereinafter contained:—

1. The Board shall meet at such times and places as shall be from time to time appointed by the Chairman, or when it shall be convened by him; and the business shall be conducted under such regulations as shall be determined on by the Board.

2. The Board shall keep proper minutes and records of all its proceedings, and full accounts of its receipts and expenditure.

3. The Board shall prepare and submit at each annual meeting a report of the proceedings of the Board for the previous year ending on the thirty-first day of December, together with a statement of the receipts and expenditure of the Board for such year. A copy of every such report and statement, certified by the Chairman to be correct, shall be sent to the Minister of Lands as soon as possible after each annual meeting.

4. This delegation of powers to the Board shall not in any way affect any lease or contract now validly in force in respect of any portion of the lands named in the Schedule hereto, nor any agreement in respect of the dedication of any portion of the said lands to any purpose of public recreation or amusement.

5. None of the powers delegated shall be exercised in respect of the ground occupied by the building known as the Canterbury Museum, or by any building pertaining thereto which has been or may hereafter be erected in connection therewith, or of such enclosures in connection therewith as may be approved by the Board and the Governor. The Trustees of the said Museum, and their officers and servants, shall at all times have the right of ingress and egress to and from the said Museum at such times as shall be determined by the said Trustees.

And with the like advice and consent as aforesaid doth hereby also order that this delegation shall take effect in respect of the parcels of Crown lands described in the Schedule hereto.

SCHEDULE.

1. The land commonly known, and described in the Schedule B to "The Canterbury Association's Ordinance, Session IV., No. 6," as the Government Domain No. 25: save and except such part of the same as has been duly conveyed to the Corporation of Christ's College, Canterbury.

2. The land commonly known as Hagley Park, being part of the land numbered 24, and described as the town reserves in the Schedule B to "The Canterbury Association's Ordinance, Session IV., No. 6." Bounded on the west and south by the road reserved along the boundary of the town reserves; on the north by the road reserved along the banks of the River Avon; on the east and south-east by the River Avon and the Lower Lincoln Road.

ALEX. WILLIS,  
Clerk of the Executive Council.

*Extending Time for Preparation of Valuation-list of the Borough of Birkenhead.*

RANFURLY, Governor.

ORDER IN COUNCIL.

At the Government Buildings, at Wellington, this fifth day of April, 1900.

Present:

THE RIGHT HONOURABLE R. J. SEDDON PRESIDING IN COUNCIL.

WHEREAS it has been made to appear that the preparation of the valuation-lists for the Borough of Birkenhead cannot be completed by or within the time mentioned in "The Rating Act, 1894":

Now, therefore, His Excellency the Governor of the Colony of New Zealand, in exercise of the powers vested in him by the said "Rating Act, 1894," and by and with the advice and consent of the Executive Council of the said colony, doth hereby extend the time during which the valuation-lists of the said Borough of Birkenhead shall be open for inspection, and during which objections thereto may be made, until the first day of May, one thousand nine hundred.

ALEX. WILLIS,  
Clerk of the Executive Council.

*Vesting Management of certain Wharves in the Rodney County Council, and prescribing Dues.*

RANFURLY, Governor.

ORDER IN COUNCIL.

At the Government Buildings, at Wellington, this ninth day of April, 1900.

Present:

THE RIGHT HONOURABLE R. J. SEDDON PRESIDING IN COUNCIL.

WHEREAS by section fourteen of "The Harbours Act, 1878," it is enacted that the Governor in Council may vest the management of any wharf the property of Her Majesty in any local governing body or person, upon such terms and conditions as the Governor in Council thinks fit: And whereas it is thought desirable to vest the management of the wharves at Mahurangi Heads, Matakana Sandspit, Upper Matakana, Puhoi, and Warkworth in the Rodney County Council, on the terms and conditions hereinafter set forth in the First Schedule, and to prescribe the dues and rates and to make the regulations set forth in the Second Schedule hereto:

Now, therefore, His Excellency the Governor of the Colony of New Zealand, by and with the advice and consent of the Executive Council of the said colony, and in pursuance and exercise of the power and authority vested in him by the said fourteenth section of "The Harbours Act, 1878," and of all other powers and authorities in anywise enabling him in that behalf, doth hereby vest the management of the wharves at Mahurangi Heads, Matakana Sandspit, Upper Matakana, Puhoi, and Warkworth, which are shown on plan marked M.D. 1162, and deposited in the office of the Marine Department, at Wellington, in the Rodney County Council, subject to the conditions set forth in the First Schedule hereto; and in pursuance and exercise of the power and authority conferred by the seventeenth and two-hundred-and-twelfth sections of "The Harbours Act, 1878," and with the like advice and consent, doth hereby prescribe that the dues and rates set forth in the Second Schedule hereto shall be taken by the said Council for the use of the said wharves; and doth hereby make the regulations contained in the Second Schedule hereto for the said wharves.

FIRST SCHEDULE.

CONDITIONS.

1. THAT all Her Majesty's subjects shall, at all reasonable times, and upon payment of the proper dues, have free and full liberty to use the above-mentioned wharves, and of ingress and egress thereon and therefrom,

2. That Her Majesty, or the Governor, and all officers in the Government service acting in the execution of their duty, shall at all times have free ingress, passage, and egress into, through, and out of the wharves without payment.

3. That the said County Council shall maintain and keep the above-mentioned wharves, and all erections thereon, in good order and repair; and shall at all times permit to be erected and exhibited therefrom any lights for the guidance of vessels, and shall maintain at its own cost any such lights: Provided that no new light shall be exhibited until after it has been approved of by the Marine Department.

4. That any person authorised by the Minister having Charge of the Marine Department, or any officer acting with his approval, may at all reasonable times enter upon the said wharves, and any buildings erected thereon, and view the state of repair thereof; and that, upon his leaving at the last-known address of the said Council a notice in writing of any defect or want of repair in such wharves or buildings, or any of them, requiring the Council, within a reasonable time, to be therein prescribed, to repair the same, the said Council shall, with all convenient speed, cause such defect to be removed or such repairs to be made.

5. That the said Council shall appoint all officers and servants required for the management and working of the said wharves.

6. That the said Council shall not erect or suffer to be erected on the said wharves any building or structure whatever except with the consent of the Marine Department.

7. That the said Council shall keep a separate account of the receipts and expenditure on account of such wharves, and shall cause such account to be balanced to the 31st March in each year, and shall send a copy of such account, when balanced, to the Marine Department, and shall supply any particulars in reference thereto as may be required by the Marine Department.

8. That nothing herein contained shall authorise the said Council to do or cause to be done anything repugnant to or inconsistent with any law relating to the Customs, or any regulation of the Commissioner of Trade and Customs, or with any provisions of "The Harbours Act, 1878," or its amendments, or any regulations thereunder.

9. That the rights, powers, and privileges conferred by this Order in Council shall continue in force for fourteen years, computed from the date of this Order in Council, unless in the meantime altered, modified, or revoked.

10. That the rights, powers, and privileges conferred under or by virtue of this Order in Council may be at any time resumed by the Governor, on giving to the said Council six calendar months' notice in writing. Any such notice shall be sufficient if given by the Governor or the Minister having Charge of the Marine Department, or any person acting under his or their instructions, and delivered at the last-known address of the said Council, their successors, administrators, or assigns. No compensation or allowance shall be payable in such case.

SECOND SCHEDULE.

WHARFAGE ON VESSELS.

	£	s.	d.
Regular trading-steamers and sailing-vessels, for each wharf per half-year, if paid in advance, per ton register .. .. .	0	0	6
Minimum charge for each wharf per half-year, if paid in advance .. .. .	1	0	0
Irregular trading-vessels of any class, for each time they come alongside a wharf, per ton register .. .. .	0	0	1
Minimum charge .. .. .	0	2	6

All vessels which do not pay their dues in advance will be deemed to be irregular trading-vessels.

Vessels coming alongside the wharves will be held responsible for any damage done to the wharves, and the said Council will repair any such damage, and charge the cost of doing so against the master or owner of the vessel doing the damage.

The half-year will commence on the 1st days of January and July in each year.

The masters or owners of all regular trading-vessels shall pay their dues in advance to the Treasurer of the said Council.

All dues payable by irregular trading-vessels shall be paid to the Treasurer of the said Council, or to some one appointed by him to receive them, the payments to be made by the master or owner of the vessel upon the first application.

WHARFAGE ON GOODS.

	£	s.	d.
All goods landed on or shipped from any wharf, per ton weight or measurement .. .. .	0	0	6
Minimum charge .. .. .	0	0	2

All goods not removed from the wharves or sheds within seven days will be charged 6d. per ton per week or part of a week.

All landing-dues shall be paid quarterly, on returns to be furnished to the Clerk of the said Council, or other person appointed by the said Council, by the receiver of the goods, or on returns from the books of the master or owner of the vessel which carried them.

ALEX. WILLIS,  
Clerk of the Executive Council.

*Terms and Conditions of Lease of Village-homestead Allotments in Southland.*

RANFURLY, Governor.

ORDER IN COUNCIL.

At the Government Buildings, at Wellington, this ninth day of April, 1900.

Present:

THE RIGHT HONOURABLE R. J. SEDDON PRESIDING IN COUNCIL.

WHEREAS by the one-hundred-and-sixty-ninth section of "The Land Act, 1892," it is enacted that the Governor in Council may fix the terms and conditions upon which the lands in any village settlement shall be disposed of, subject as in the said section is provided: And whereas by a Proclamation made under the said Act on the eighth day of June, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-three, and published in the *New Zealand Gazette* on the fifteenth day of June, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-three, the lands described in the First Schedule hereto have been set apart under the said Act and declared open for lease as village settlements, and it is expedient to fix the terms and conditions upon which the said lands shall be disposed of, and revoke all terms and conditions previously made:

Now, therefore, His Excellency the Governor of the Colony of New Zealand, in pursuance and exercise of the powers and authorities conferred by the said Act, and by and with the advice and consent of the Executive Council of the said colony, doth hereby fix the terms and conditions on which the lands mentioned in the First Schedule hereto shall be disposed of by way of lease in perpetuity, and which said terms and conditions are set forth in the Second Schedule hereto, and also doth hereby revoke all terms and conditions previously made for the disposal of the land mentioned in the First Schedule hereto.

FIRST SCHEDULE.

SOUTHLAND LAND DISTRICT.—SOUTHLAND COUNTY.—OTERAMIKA HUNDRED.—MOKOTUA VILLAGE SETTLEMENT.  
*Second-class Land.*

Section.	Block.	Area.			Rent per Acre.		Half-yearly Rent.			
		A.	R.	P.	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	
70	I.	25	1	24	0	7	2	0	7	8
72	"	22	3	17	0	7	2	0	6	10
74	"	12	0	32	0	7	2	0	3	8
76	"	12	0	32	0	7	2	0	3	8
77	"	5	2	17	0	7	2	0	1	8
78	"	5	2	17	0	7	2	0	1	8
79	"	5	2	17	0	7	2	0	1	8
80	"	5	2	17	0	7	2	0	1	8
91	"	5	2	11	0	7	2	0	1	8
92	"	5	2	17	0	7	2	0	1	8
93	"	5	2	17	0	7	2	0	1	8
94	"	5	2	11	0	7	2	0	1	8
96	"	12	0	32	0	7	2	0	3	8
98	"	12	0	21	0	7	2	0	3	8
100	"	24	1	18	0	7	2	0	7	4

Bush lands situated close to Mokotua Railway-station, on the Seaward Bush Railway-line. Land almost flat; soil fair; mixed bush.

SECOND SCHEDULE.

TERMS AND CONDITIONS OF LEASE.

- The lands enumerated above are village-homestead allotments, open for selection on lease in perpetuity under the provisions of "The Land Act, 1892" (hereinafter referred to as "the said Act").
- The day on which the lands shall be open for selection shall be Tuesday, the fifth day of June, 1900.
- The rentals stated above shall be the prices at which the land shall be open for selection.
- Applications for leases shall be made in manner as provided in Part I. of the said Act, and all such applications shall be made to the Commissioner of Crown Lands, Invercargill; and leases will be issued in accordance with the provisions of Part I. aforesaid.

5. Each applicant shall state his or her residence, occupation, and condition in life (namely, whether married or single), and will be required to make the declaration prescribed in Schedule C of the said Act.

6. Each applicant shall pay the first half-year's rent, together with the lease- and registration-fee, immediately the application has been approved or declared successful at the ballot.

7. All rents must be paid half-yearly in advance, on the 1st days of January and July in each year, as provided in section 157 of the said Act; and the first half-year's rent is payable as before provided.

8. Improvements and residence on the land comprised in each lease shall be as provided in Part III. of the said Act. The provisions of section 144, and all other provisions of the said Act with respect to substantial improvements, shall apply accordingly to lessees under these regulations. The provisions of section 141, and all other provisions of the said Act in respect of compulsory residence, shall apply accordingly to lessees under these regulations.

9. No lessee shall subdivide, sublet, or transfer the land held by him under these regulations, except under and subject to the provisions of Part I. of the said Act.

10. No lessee shall hold more than 50 acres, and all allotments shall be held for his or her sole use and benefit, and not for the use or benefit of any other person whomsoever. No married woman shall be eligible as a selector; but this provision shall not apply to any married woman who may become a transferee under a will or by virtue of an intestacy.

11. All the provisions of the said Act, so far as applicable, shall extend and apply to the lands affected by these regulations, and to the applications and leases to be made and issued thereunder, and generally to the interests created, and the persons whose rights, liabilities, or interests are thereby affected; and the mention of any particular provision of the said Act shall not be deemed to exclude any other provision of the said Act applicable to the particular case.

ALEX. WILLIS,  
Clerk of the Executive Council.

*Native Land proposed to be taken for Public Health Purposes through Waiohiorore, Blocks A, B, C, and D, Borough of Gisborne, Turanganui Survey District.*

RANFURLY, Governor.

ORDER IN COUNCIL.

At the Government Buildings, at Wellington, this fourteenth day of March, 1900.

Present:

THE RIGHT HONOURABLE R. J. SEDDON PRESIDING IN COUNCIL.

WHEREAS the lands mentioned in the Schedule hereto are required to be taken for a public work, to wit, for the purposes of public health in Waiohiorore Block, Borough of Gisborne:

And whereas the said lands are held or occupied by Native owners under a title which is not derived from the Crown: And whereas a map in duplicate has been prepared of the said lands by the Gisborne Borough Council, as required by the eighty-eighth section of "The Public Works Act, 1894":

Now, therefore, in pursuance and exercise of the powers vested in him by the eighty-eighth section of the said Act, and of all other powers in anywise enabling him in this behalf, His Excellency the Governor of the Colony of New Zealand, by and with the advice and consent of the Executive Council of the said colony, doth hereby declare that the lands shown upon such map, and described in the Schedule hereto, shall be deemed to be taken for the purposes of public health, and the said lands shall vest in the Mayor, Councillors, and Burgesses of the Borough of Gisborne, as from the first day of May, one thousand nine hundred.

SCHEDULE.

The parcels of land mentioned in list hereunder:—

Approximate Areas of the Parcels of Land taken.	Being Parts of Subdivisions	Situated in	Situated in Block	Survey District.	Shown on Plan marked	Coloured on Plan	
A. B. P. 5 0 10	A	Waiohiorore Block	VI. & VII. VII.	Turanganui	S.G. 42615	Green.	
6 3 30	B				"	"	Sepia.
11 3 7	C				"	"	Pink.
3 2 33	D				"	"	Neutral tint.

All in the Hawke's Bay Land District; as the said parcels of land are more particularly delineated on the plan marked as above mentioned, deposited in the Head Office of the Department of Lands and Survey, at Wellington, in the Wellington Land District, and thereon coloured as above stated.

ALEX. WILLIS,  
Clerk of the Executive Council.

*Notice of Intention to change the Purpose of a Portion of a Reserve in the Canterbury Land District.*

RANFURLY, Governor.

WHEREAS by "The Public Reserves Act, 1881," it is, amongst other things, enacted that the Governor may declare his intention to make, change, exchange, or alter the dedication of any public reserve now or hereafter vested in Her Majesty or the Governor for any of the purposes named in Class II. of the Schedule to the said Act, whether the same be granted or not; if it shall, in the opinion of the Governor, be expedient to change the purpose of such reserve or any part thereof from the purpose or presumed purpose for which it was set apart to any other purpose, or if it shall, in the opinion of the Governor, be expedient to exchange any of the land comprised in such reserve for other land of equal value, to be dedicated to one or more purposes named in the said Class II., the Governor may, by notice gazetted, declare his intention to make such change, exchange, or dedication, as the case may be, and in such notice declare the manner and terms in which the same is intended to be so made:

Now, therefore, I, Uchter John Mark, Earl of Ranfurly, the Governor of the Colony of New Zealand, do hereby, in exercise and pursuance of the powers and authorities vested in me by "The Public Reserves Act, 1881," aforesaid, declare my intention to change the specific purpose of the portion of the reserves described in the second column of the Schedule hereto from that named in the first column of the said Schedule to that named in the third column of the said Schedule respectively.

SCHEDULE.

Description and Purpose of Original Reserve.	Portion which it is intended to change.	Intended Purpose.
Four hundred and eighty acres, more or less, situate in Ashley District (Kowai and Mandeville and Rangiora Road Districts), being that portion of the river-bed of the Ashley bounded on the southward by Reserve 1380 (in red), also by the road north of Section 4216; on the eastward by a line 20 chains east of and parallel to railway-bridge; on the westward by a line 100 chains west of and parallel to the eastern boundary; and on the northward by the road south of Sections 2866, 2864, 2863, 1293, 2922, 4492, 2860, 2163, and 4454. Reserved for railway-conservation purposes by warrant of the 11th day of October, 1877, and published in <i>Gazette</i> No. 84, of the 11th October, 1877.	All that parcel of land in the Canterbury Land District, containing 194 acres 1 rood, more or less, being reserve numbered 3503, formerly part of Reserve 1921, situate in Block VI., Rangiora Survey District. Bounded on the northward by a road along the northern bank of the Ashley River, fronting Sections 2866, 2864, 2863, to a point opposite the south-western corner of Section 1293; on the eastward by a line from the said point to the south-western corner of Reserve 1380; on the southward by Reserve 3036; and on the westward by the eastern boundary of Reserve 2431: as the same is more particularly delineated on the plan deposited in the office of the Chief Surveyor, Christchurch. The aforesaid parcel of land, being part of Reserve 1921, was permanently reserved for railway-conservation purposes in the <i>New Zealand Gazette</i> No. 84, 11th October, 1877, page 1012.	River-conservation purposes.

As witness the hand of His Excellency the Governor, this twenty-seventh day of March, one thousand nine hundred.

JOHN MCKENZIE,  
Minister of Lands.

*Appointing Commission to inquire and report generally in respect to the Constituting and Setting-apart of Watercourses in the Land Districts of Otago and Southland as Watercourses for the Discharge of Tailings and Waste Water produced by Mining Operations.*

COMMISSION.

To all to whom these presents shall come, and to John Hayes, of Wellington, Esquire, Inspecting Engineer to the Mines Department, James Pillans Maitland, of Dunedin, Esquire, Commissioner of Crown Lands for the Land District of Otago, David Barron, of Invercargill, Esquire, Commissioner of Crown Lands for the Land District of Southland, Thomas Young Duncan, of Pukeuri, Esquire, Member of the House of Representatives, and Henry Andrew Gordon, of Auckland, Esquire, Mining Engineer: Greeting.

WHEREAS applications under section one hundred and eight of "The Mining Act, 1898," have been made from time to time for the issue of Proclamations constituting and setting apart the watercourses enumerated in the First and Second Schedules hereto to be watercourses for the discharge of tailings and waste water produced by or resulting from mining operations, and other the purposes specified in that section: And whereas in the case of the watercourses enumerated in the First Schedule hereto notice of the receipt of the applications has been duly published as required by the said Act, and all the claims for compensation, as provided by the said Act, have been served upon the Minister of Mines, and no further claims can be made: And whereas in the case of the watercourses enumerated in the Second Schedule hereto notice of the receipt of the applications has not yet been published as aforesaid, and consequently the claims for compensation have not yet been made: And whereas there are other watercourses in the Land Districts of Otago and Southland which in the interests of the mining industry it may be desirable to constitute and set apart by Proclamation to be watercourses for the purposes aforesaid: And whereas it may be desirable, in lieu of paying compensation, to compulsorily take as provided by subsection two of section one hundred and thirteen of the said Act the whole or portions of the lands that may be damaged or injuriously affected by reason of the operation of the respective Proclamations:

Now, therefore, know ye that I, Uchter John Mark, Earl of Ranfurly, Governor of the Colony of New Zealand, reposing trust and confidence in your knowledge, integrity, and ability, and by the advice and consent of the Executive Council of the said colony, do hereby constitute and appoint you, the said

JOHN HAYES,  
JAMES PILLANS MAITLAND,  
DAVID BARRON,  
THOMAS YOUNG DUNCAN, and  
HENRY ANDREW GORDON,

to be Commissioners for the purpose of making inquiry into the matters hereinbefore referred to, and into the several other matters mentioned in these presents, that is to say,—

- (1.) As to whether it is expedient that any, and, if any, then which, and in each case what part, of the respective watercourses enumerated in the First and Second Schedules hereto should be proclaimed as aforesaid.
- (2.) As to whether it is expedient, or is likely to become expedient, that any other watercourses in the Land District of Otago or Southland, and, if any, then which, and in each case what part thereof, should be proclaimed as aforesaid.
- (3.) In the case of each of the watercourses enumerated in the First and Second Schedules hereto, and in the case also of any other watercourses in either of the land districts aforesaid as to which it is, in your opinion, expedient, or likely to become expedient, that the same should in whole or in part be proclaimed as aforesaid, to make inquiry into the matters following:—
  - (a.) What lands are likely to be damaged or injuriously affected, and to what extent, by the operation of the Proclamation if the same is issued.
  - (b.) What claims for compensation have been made, or are likely to be made in respect thereof, and the amount to which in your opinion the claimant would be reasonably entitled in cases where claims have been made; and in cases where no claims have been made, but where damage or injury is likely to occur, the amount of compensation likely to be required to cover the same.
  - (c.) In what cases it would be expedient to compulsorily take the land in lieu of paying com-

compensation, having regard to the nature and extent of the damage or injury to the land, the amount of compensation claimed or likely to be claimed, and the amount to which, in your opinion, the claimant would be reasonably entitled.

- (4.) To ascertain and specifically show in each case of damage or injury whether any riparian rights exist, and if so, then to what extent the damage or injury and the compensation in respect thereof are due to the existence of such rights or are irrespective of such rights.
- (5.) Generally to make inquiry into any matter or thing arising out of or connected with the several subjects of inquiry hereinbefore mentioned, or which in your opinion may be of assistance in fully ascertaining, explaining, or assisting in arriving at a fair and just conclusion in respect to the subjects of inquiry or any of them, or any part thereof: Provided always that in determining as to any specified watercourse whether it should or should not be proclaimed as aforesaid, you shall have regard to the following considerations in the event of the Proclamation being issued:—
- (a.) The resulting benefit to the mining and other industries, and the resulting injury to the agricultural and other industries.
- (b.) The sum that will probably be required to settle claims for compensation or take lands compulsorily.

And for the better enabling you to carry these presents into effect you are hereby authorised and empowered to make and conduct any inquiry under these presents at such place or places in the said colony as you deem expedient, and to call before you and examine on oath or otherwise, as may be allowed by law, such person or persons as you think capable of affording you information in the premises; and you are also hereby empowered to call for and examine all such books, documents, papers, maps, plans, or records as you deem likely to afford you the fullest information on the subject of this Commission, and to inquire of and concerning the premises by all other lawful ways and means whatsoever.

And it is hereby declared that this Commission is issued under and subject to the provisions of "The Commissioners' Powers Act, 1867," and its amendments: And, lastly, that, using all diligence, you do report to me under your hands and seals your opinion resulting from the said inquiries in respect to the several matters and things inquired into by you under or by virtue of these presents not later than the thirtieth day of June next ensuing.

And it is hereby declared that this Commission shall continue in full force and virtue although the inquiry be not regularly continued from time to time by adjournment, and that you and any two of you shall and may from time to time proceed to the execution thereof, and of every power, matter, or thing herein contained: Provided that you the said James Pillans Maitland shall only be required to inquire and report in respect to watercourses within the Land District of Otago, and you the said David Barron in respect to watercourses in the Land District of Southland.

#### FIRST SCHEDULE.

Waikaka River.  
Waikaia River.  
Charlton Creek.  
Tokomairi River.  
Waiau River.  
Fruidburn.

#### SECOND SCHEDULE.

Ourawera River.  
Waipori River.  
Taieri River.  
Kakanui River.  
Awamoko River.  
Gold Creek.

In witness whereof I, Uchter John Mark, Earl of Ranfurly, the Governor of the Colony of New Zealand, acting by and with the advice of the Executive Council of the said colony, have hereunto set my hand, and have caused these presents to be issued under the Seal of the said Colony, at Wellington, in the said colony, this ninth day of April, in the year of our Lord one thousand nine hundred.

RANFURLY,  
Governor.

Issued in Executive Council.  
ALEX. WILLIS,  
Clerk of the Executive Council.

#### Setting apart Land in Auckland for Primary Education, in Lieu of other Land.

RANFURLY, Governor.

WHEREAS by section four of "The Reserves, Endowments, and Crown and Native Lands Exchange, Sale, Disposal, and Enabling Act, 1898," it is enacted that the reservation of sections numbered 54 and 76, Parish of Whangarei, for primary education, is thereby cancelled, and the Governor may by *Gazette* notice set apart other land for primary education of an equal area or value in lieu thereof: And whereas it is expedient to set apart the land described in the Schedule hereto for primary education, which is of equal area and value to the sections numbered 54 and 76, Parish of Whangarei, aforesaid:

Now, therefore, I, Uchter John Mark, Earl of Ranfurly, the Governor of the Colony of New Zealand, in exercise and pursuance of the power and authority conferred upon me by the fourth section of "The Reserves, Endowments, and Crown and Native Lands Exchange, Sale, Disposal, and Enabling Act, 1898," do by this notice hereby set apart the land described in the Schedule hereto for primary education, in lieu of the said sections numbered 54 and 76.

#### SCHEDULE.

ALL that area of Crown land in the Auckland Land District, being the north-western portion of Section No. 58 of the Parish of Hikurangi, and containing by admeasurement 69 acres 2 roods, more or less. Bounded towards the north generally by a public road, 565, 227, 286, 134, 116, 124, 132, 208, 198, 94, 67, 110, 267, 224, 249, 233, and 371 links; towards the east generally by a public road, 498, 331, 262, 437, 87, 356, 304, and 54 links; towards the south-east by the south-eastern portion of Section No. 58 of the Parish of Hikurangi, 2690 links; and towards the south-west by Section No. 59 of the same parish, 2030 links, to the point of commencement: be all the aforesaid linkages more or less.

As witness the hand of His Excellency the Governor, this tenth day of April, one thousand nine hundred.

JOHN MCKENZIE,  
Minister of Lands.

#### Lands temporarily reserved in the Land Districts of Auckland, Wellington, Canterbury, and Otago.

RANFURLY, Governor.

WHEREAS by the two-hundred-and-thirty-fifth section of "The Land Act, 1892," it is enacted that the Governor may from time to time, either by general or particular description, and whether the same has been surveyed or not, reserve from sale temporarily, notwithstanding that the same may be then held under pastoral license, any Crown lands which in his opinion are required for any of the purposes in the said section mentioned:

Now, therefore, I, Uchter John Mark, Earl of Ranfurly, the Governor of the Colony of New Zealand, in exercise and pursuance of the powers and authorities vested in me by the said Act, do hereby temporarily reserve from sale the lands in the Land Districts of Auckland, Wellington, Canterbury, and Otago described in the Schedule hereunder written, for the purposes in the said Schedule specified at the end of the description of the lands so intended to be temporarily reserved.

#### SCHEDULE.

##### AUCKLAND.

ALL that area in the Auckland Land District being Section No. 15 of Block XII., Kaeo Survey District, and containing by admeasurement 5 acres, more or less. Bounded towards the north by a line, 1000 links; towards the north-east by a public road, 643 links; towards the south by a line, 1000 links; and towards the south-west by a line, 643 links, to the point of commencement: be all the aforesaid linkages more or less. For a public cemetery.

All that parcel of land in the Auckland Land District, situated in Block XIII., Ohinemuri Survey District, and in Ohinemuri County, being Section 1 of Block VII. of the Township of Mackytown, containing by admeasurement 11 acres 3 roods 30 perches, more or less. Bounded towards the north-east by the termination of a road and Section No. 15, Block XIII., Ohinemuri Survey District, 453 and 441 links; towards the south-east and east by a public road, 1054 and 357 links; towards the south by Section No. 2 of Block VII. of the Township of Mackytown (school reserve), 665 links; and towards the west by the Ohinemuri River: be all the aforesaid linkages more or less. For public recreation.



All that area in the Auckland Land District being Section No. 16 of Block XVI., Pirongia Survey District, and containing by admeasurement 10 acres, more or less. Bounded towards the north-east by a public road, 493, 252, and 321 links; towards the south-east and south-west by Section No. 7 of Block XVI., Pirongia Survey District, 874 links and 1037 links respectively; and towards the north-west by Section No. 5 of Block XVI. aforesaid, 1093 links, to the point of commencement: be all the aforesaid linkages more or less. For a public-school site.

All that area in the Auckland Land District being Section No. 111 of the Parish of Mangapai, and containing by admeasurement 165 acres 2 roods, more or less. Bounded towards the north-east by Sections Nos. 28 and 28A of the Parish of Ruakaka, 2020 links; towards the south-east by Section No. 112 of the Parish of Mangapai, 8321 links; towards the south-west by a public road, 55, 203, 307, 424, 506, 381, 191, and 90 links; and towards the north-west by Section No. 110 of the Parish of Mangapai, 8374 links, to the point of commencement: be all the aforesaid linkages more or less. For an endowment for primary education.

All that area in the Auckland Land District being Section No. 15 of Block XVI., Pirongia Survey District, and containing by admeasurement 3 acres 2 roods, more or less. Bounded towards the north by Section No. 4 of Block XVI., Pirongia Survey District, 449 links; towards the south-east and south-west by Section No. 11 of the same block, 962 links and 400 links respectively; and towards the north-west by a public road, 757 links, to the point of commencement: be all the aforesaid linkages more or less. For a public cemetery.

All that area in the Auckland Land District being Section No. 1 of Block XII., Pirongia Survey District, and containing by admeasurement 353 acres, more or less. Bounded towards the east generally by a public road, 1061, 1082, 259, 348, 543, 1042, 725, 279, 457, 400, 270, 403, 300, 400, 381, 370, and 349 links; towards the south-east by Section No. 3 of Block XVI., Pirongia Survey District, by the crossing of a road 100 links wide, again by Section No. 3 aforesaid, and by the Puketarata No. 8D Block, 6397 links in all; towards the west by the Takotokoraha No. 3 Block, by the crossing of a road 100 links wide, and again by the Takotokoraha No. 3 Block aforesaid, 6653 links in all; and towards the north-west by the block last mentioned, 5608 links, to the point of commencement: be all the aforesaid linkages more or less: save and except a road 100 links wide which intersects the area hereinbefore described. For an endowment for primary education.

## WELLINGTON.

All that parcel of land in the Wellington Land District, containing by admeasurement 5 acres 2 roods 10 perches, more or less, being Sections Nos. 13, 17, 18, 19, 20, 22, 23, 24, and 34 (Block XVI., Hautapu), Karewarewa Village Settlement. Bounded towards the north by Sections Nos. 10 and 12; towards the east by Auputa Road; towards the south by Auputa Road, and public road 100 links wide; and towards the west by Section No. 12: as the same is delineated on the plan deposited in the office of the Chief Surveyor, Wellington. For a public-school site.

All that parcel of land in the Wellington Land District, containing by admeasurement 5 acres 3 roods, more or less, being Section No. 5, Block VI., Aohanga Survey District. Bounded towards the north by a public road, 100 links wide; towards the east by Section No. 4; towards the south by the Waikereru Road; and towards the west by the Waikereru Road: as the same is delineated on the plan deposited in the office of the Chief Surveyor, Wellington. For a public-school site.

All that parcel of land in the Wellington Land District, containing by admeasurement 6 acres and 18 perches, more or less, being Section No. 45, Taihape Suburban. Bounded towards the north by public road and Section No. 45A; towards the east by public road; towards the south by road reserve along the Otaihape Stream; and towards the west by public road: as the same is delineated on the plan deposited in the office of the Chief Surveyor, Wellington. For preservation of scenery, and recreation.

All that parcel of land in the Wellington Land District, containing by admeasurement 6 acres, more or less, being Section No. 14, Block III., Mount Cerberus Survey District. Bounded towards the north by Section No. 1; towards the east by Alfredton-Weber Road; and towards the west by Section No. 2: as the same is delineated on the plan deposited in the office of the Chief Surveyor, Wellington. For a recreation reserve.

All that parcel of land in the Wellington Land District, containing by admeasurement 36 acres 3 roods 16 perches, more or less, being Section No. 12A, Block VIII., Wairoa Survey District. Bounded towards the north by Momahaki River and Native reserve; towards the east by Momahaki River and Native reserve; towards the south by Section

No. 2A; and towards the west by public road, 100 links wide: as the same is delineated on the plan deposited in the office of the Chief Surveyor, Wellington. For the growth and preservation of timber.

All that parcel of land in the Wellington Land District, containing by admeasurement 20 acres, more or less, being Section No. 13A, Block VIII., Wairoa Survey District. Bounded towards the east by public road, 100 links wide; towards the south by Section No. 4A; and towards the west by Section No. 5A: as the same is delineated on the plan deposited in the office of the Chief Surveyor, Wellington. For the preservation of scenery.

All that parcel of land in the Wellington Land District, containing by admeasurement 3 roods 8 perches, more or less, being Section No. 16, Block VIII., Wairoa Survey District. Bounded towards the north by public road, 100 links wide; towards the south by public road, 100 links wide; and towards the west by Section 6A: as the same is delineated on the plan deposited in the office of the Chief Surveyor, Wellington. For a gravel reserve.

All that parcel of land in the Wellington Land District, containing by admeasurement 201 acres 2 roods, more or less, being Section No. 1, Block IV., Tararua Survey District. Bounded towards the north by road reserve along Mangahao River; towards the east by public road, 100 links wide; towards the south by Section No. 2; and towards the west by road reserve along Mangahao River: as the same is delineated on the plan deposited in the office of the Chief Surveyor, Wellington. For the growth and preservation of timber.

## CANTERBURY.

All that parcel of land in the Canterbury Land District, containing by admeasurement 1 acre 1 rood, more or less, being Sections Nos. 29, 30, 31, 32, and 33, Town of Glenavy, Reserve No. 3491. Bounded towards the north by Pyke Street, 500 links; towards the east by Town Section No. 34, 250 links; towards the south by Reserve 3000 and Town Section No. 42, 500 links; and towards the west by Town Section No. 28, 250 links: be all the aforesaid linkages more or less: as the same is delineated on the plan deposited in the office of the Chief Surveyor, Christchurch. For a municipal reserve.

All that parcel of land in the Canterbury Land District, containing by admeasurement 1 acre, more or less, being Section No. 2B, Horsley Down Settlement, Reserve No. 3492, Block III., Waipara Survey District. Bounded towards the north-west by Section No. 2 of the Horsley Down Settlement, 300 links; towards the north-east by the said section, 333.3 links; towards the south-east by the said section, 300 links; and towards the south-west by a road-line, 333.3 links, the southernmost corner of the reserve being distant north-westerly 3696.5 links along a road-line from the southernmost corner of said Section No. 2: be all the aforesaid linkages more or less: as the same is delineated on the plan deposited in the office of the Chief Surveyor, Christchurch. For a gravel reserve.

All that parcel of land in the Canterbury Land District, containing by admeasurement 5 acres, more or less, being Section No. 10A, Horsley Down Settlement, Reserve No. 3493, Block III., Waipara Survey District. Bounded towards the north-east by Section No. 10 of the Horsley Down Settlement, 902.2 links; towards the south-east by a road-line, 1272.8 links; and towards the west by a road-line, 1244 links: be all the aforesaid linkages more or less: as the same is delineated on the plan deposited in the office of the Chief Surveyor, Christchurch. For a public-school site.

All that parcel of land in the Canterbury Land District, containing by admeasurement 1 acre, more or less, being Section No. 3494 (in red), Horsley Down Settlement, Block III., Waipara Survey District. Bounded towards the north-west by Section No. 11 of the Horsley Down Settlement, 415.5 links; towards the north-east by a road-line, 524.2 links; and towards the south-west by a road-line, 524.2 links: be all the aforesaid linkages more or less: as the same is delineated on the plan deposited in the office of the Chief Surveyor, Christchurch. For a gravel reserve.

All that parcel of land in the Canterbury Land District, containing by admeasurement 1 acre, more or less, being Section No. 3495 (in red), Horsley Down Settlement, Block III., Waipara Survey District. Bounded towards the north by Section No. 11 of the Horsley Down Settlement, 317.9 links; towards the east by the said Section No. 11, 300 links; towards the south by a road-line, 348.8 links; and towards the west by a road-line running northerly through said Section No. 11, 301.5 links: be all the aforesaid linkages more or less: as the same is delineated on the plan deposited in the office of the Chief Surveyor, Christchurch. For a gravel reserve.

All that parcel of land in the Canterbury Land District, containing by admeasurement 1 acre, more or less, being Section No. 12A, Horsley Down Settlement, Reserve

No. 3496, Block III., Waipara Survey District. Bounded towards the north-west by a road-line, 300 links; towards the north-east by a road-line, 333.3 links; towards the south-east by Section No. 12 of the Horsley Down Settlement, 300 links; and towards the south-west by the said Section No. 12, 333.3 links: be all the aforesaid linkages more or less: as the same is delineated on the plan deposited in the office of the Chief Surveyor, Christchurch. For a gravel reserve.

All that parcel of land in the Canterbury Land District, containing by admeasurement 1 acre, more or less, being Section No. 16A, Horsley Down Settlement, Reserve No. 3497, Block II., Waipara Survey District. Bounded towards the north-west by a road-line, 402.3 links; towards the north-east by a road-line, 253.4 links; towards the south-east by Section No. 16 of the Horsley Down Settlement, 386 links; and towards the south-west by the said section, 250 links: be all the aforesaid linkages more or less: as the same is delineated on the plan deposited in the office of the Chief Surveyor, Christchurch. For a gravel reserve.

All that parcel of land in the Canterbury Land District, containing by admeasurement 1 acre, more or less, being Section No. 24A, Horsley Down Settlement, Reserve No. 3498, Block II., Waipara Survey District. Bounded towards the north by Section No. 24 of the Horsley Down Settlement, 379.5 links; towards the east by the said section, 300 links; towards the south by a road-line, 287.1 links; and towards the west by a road-line, 313.9 links: be all the aforesaid linkages more or less: as the same is delineated on the plan deposited in the office of the Chief Surveyor, Christchurch. For a gravel reserve.

All that parcel of land in the Canterbury Land District, containing by admeasurement 1 acre, more or less, being Section No. 20A, Horsley Down Settlement, Reserve No. 3499, Block III., Waipara Survey District. Commencing at a point on the road forming the southern boundary of Section No. 20 of the Horsley Down Settlement, the said point being distant westerly 4171.9 links from the south-easternmost corner thereof; thence on a bearing of  $335^{\circ} 56'$ , 367.5 links; thence north-easterly on a bearing of  $22^{\circ} 40'$ , 266 links; thence north-westerly at a right angle, 304.3 links; thence south-westerly at a right angle, 266 links; thence south-easterly at a right angle, 231.3 links; thence south-easterly by a line parallel to the first-described boundary, 395.1 links; and from thence returning easterly along the said road, 56.1 links, to the commencing-point: the said reserve being situated within the boundaries of Section No. 20: be all the aforesaid linkages more or less: as the same is delineated on the plan deposited in the office of the Chief Surveyor, Christchurch. For a gravel reserve.

#### OTAGO.

All that parcel of land in the Otago Land District, containing by admeasurement 1 acre 1 rood 26 perches, more or less, being Section No. 40, Block I., Upper Wakatipu Survey District. Bounded towards the north by Section No. 19 of same block, 340 links; towards the east by a road-line, 533 links; towards the south by Section No. 20 of same block, 412.4 links; and towards the west by said Section No. 20, 299 links: be all the aforesaid linkages more or less: as the same is delineated on the plan deposited in the office of the Chief Surveyor, Dunedin. For a gravel reserve.

As witness the hand of His Excellency the Governor, this eleventh day of April, one thousand nine hundred.

WM. HALL-JONES,  
For Minister of Lands.

#### Polling-places for the City of Auckland Electoral District abolished and appointed.

RANFURLY, Governor.

IN pursuance of the powers vested in me by "The Electoral Act, 1893," I, Uchter John Mark, Earl of Ranfurly, the Governor of the Colony of New Zealand, do hereby abolish the existing polling-places for the Electoral District of City of Auckland, and do hereby appoint the under-mentioned places to be polling-places for the said Electoral District of City of Auckland:—

The Drill-shed, Rutland Street (principal).  
St. James's Hall, Wellington Street.  
The Ponsonby Hall, Jervois Road, Ponsonby.  
St. George's Hall, Great North Road.  
The Central Mission Hall, Albert Street.  
St. Benedict's Hall, Gladstone Street.  
The Newton West Public School, Arch Hill.

As witness the hand of His Excellency the Governor, this tenth day of April, one thousand nine hundred.

R. J. SEDDON.

#### Postmaster appointed to take and receive Statutory Declarations.

PURSUANT to the authority conferred upon me by the eighth section of "The Justices of the Peace Act Amendment Act, 1888," I, Uchter John Mark, Earl of Ranfurly, the Governor of the Colony of New Zealand, do hereby notify and declare that

ALLAN PATRICK HOUGHTON,

being a person holding the office of Postmaster, under "The Post Office Act, 1881," at St. Omer, is authorised to take and receive statutory declarations under the two-hundred-and-thirty-fourth section of "The Justices of the Peace Act, 1882."

As witness my hand, this eleventh day of April, one thousand nine hundred.

RANFURLY, Governor.

#### Rangers under the Animals Protection Acts, Whangarei District, appointed.

Colonial Secretary's Office,  
Wellington, 10th April, 1900.

HIS Excellency the Governor has been pleased to appoint

SAMUEL BOYD,  
JOSEPH HENRY BELL,  
RICHARD MASEFIELD, the younger,  
WILLIAM KING, the younger,

to be Rangers, under "The Animals Protection Act, 1880," and the Acts amending the same, for the District of Whangarei.

J. CARROLL,  
For Colonial Secretary.

#### Inspector of Factories appointed.

Department of Labour,  
Wellington, 17th April, 1900.

HIS Excellency the Governor has been pleased to appoint the under-mentioned person to be an Inspector under "The Factories Act, 1894," and to assign to him the district set opposite his name, viz. :—

Name.	District.
Constable DOUGLAS MORTON MACKENZIE	The Middle Island of the Colony of New Zealand, and the islands adjacent thereto.
	R. J. SEDDON, Minister of Labour.

#### Public Trustee appointed.

Premier's Office,  
Wellington, 12th April, 1900.

HIS Excellency the Governor has this day been pleased to appoint

JOSEPH WILLIAM POYNTON, Esq.,

to be the Public Trustee under "The Public Trust Office Consolidation Act, 1894," vice James Crosby Martin, Esq., resigned.

R. J. SEDDON.

#### Clerk of Court appointed.

Department of Justice,  
Wellington, 10th April, 1900.

HIS Excellency the Governor has been pleased to appoint

Constable DOUGLAS MORTON MACKENZIE  
to be Clerk and Bailiff of the Magistrate's Court at Kaitangata, from the 27th day of March, 1900, vice Constable J. A. Ferguson, transferred.

JAMES MCGOWAN.

#### Sittings of Magistrate's Court appointed.

Department of Justice,  
Wellington, 18th April, 1900.

HIS Excellency the Governor has been pleased to appoint

The PUBLIC HALL at Kaeo  
to be a place wherein sittings of the Magistrate's Court shall be held.

JAMES MCGOWAN.



*Volunteer Officer appointed.*

Defence Office,  
Wellington, 11th April, 1900.  
HIS Excellency the Governor has been pleased to approve of the under-mentioned appointment:—  
*New Zealand Volunteer Medical Staff.*  
Murdock Mackenzie to be Surgeon-Captain. Commission to date from the 20th March, 1900.  
R. J. SEDDON.

*Officer dismissed.*

General Post Office,  
Wellington, 29th March, 1900.  
HIS Excellency the Governor in Council has been pleased to dismiss from the public service of the colony  
PETER ROBERT DEWAR,  
lately a cadet in the Post-office at Clinton.  
J. G. WARD,  
Postmaster-General and Electric Telegraph Commissioner.

*Dismissal of Volunteer.*

Defence Office,  
Wellington, 11th April, 1900.  
HIS Excellency the Governor has been pleased to approve, under clause 50, "The Defence Act, 1886," of the dismissal of the New Zealand Volunteer Force of No. 89, Bugler KENNETH ALEXANDER INGLIS, Devonport Coastguard Artillery Volunteers, for refusing to obey the commands of his superior officer on the 12th February, 1900. Dismissal to date from the 12th February, 1900.  
R. J. SEDDON.

*Volunteer Officer transferred.*

Defence Office,  
Wellington, 14th April, 1900.  
HIS Excellency the Governor has been pleased to approve, under paragraph 56, Volunteer Regulations, 1895, of the transfer of  
Lieutenant HENRY HAY WEBB  
from the Christchurch City Rifle Volunteers to the Hastings Rifle Volunteers, with effect from the 8th February, 1900.  
R. J. SEDDON.

*Services of a Volunteer Corps accepted.*

Defence Office,  
Wellington, 14th April, 1900.  
HIS Excellency the Governor has been pleased to accept, under clause 39, (1), "The Defence Act, 1886," the services of the  
*Wakatu Mounted Rifle Volunteers,*  
with headquarters at Nelson. Acceptance to date from the 10th March, 1900.  
R. J. SEDDON.

*Volunteer Officer resigned.*

Defence Office,  
Wellington, 11th April, 1900.  
HIS Excellency the Governor has been pleased to accept the resignation of the commission held by the under-mentioned officer:—  
*Naseby Rifle Volunteers.*  
Lieutenant Alexander McLennan. Date of resignation, 22nd February, 1900.  
R. J. SEDDON.

*Volunteer Officer resigned and transferred to District Reserve Corps.*

Defence Office,  
Wellington, 11th April, 1900.  
HIS Excellency the Governor has been pleased to approve, under paragraphs 94 and 97, Volunteer Regulations, 1895, of the transfer of  
Captain JAMES PORTEOUS THOMSON  
from the Napier Rifle Volunteers to the Wellington District Reserve Corps, on resigning the command of the first-mentioned corps, with effect from the 12th March, 1900.  
R. J. SEDDON

*Letters of Naturalisation issued.*

Colonial Secretary's Office,  
Wellington, 14th April, 1900.  
HIS Excellency the Governor has been pleased to issue Letters of Naturalisation, under "The Aliens Act, 1880," in favour of the under-mentioned persons:—

Name.	Occupation.	Residence.
Carl Anderson ..	Miner ..	Blackball.
Christopher Palmer Gardner	Settler ..	Herekino.
John Grengor ..	Labourer ..	Carterton.
Gottlieb Wilhelm Guldopp	Farmer ..	Marton.
Louis Hervais ..	Miner ..	Kaimata, Grey-mouth.
Celestine Lacroix ..	Roman Catholic Priest	Mangaweka.
Carl Ludewig Wilhelm Lischner	Coal-miner ..	Waipahi.
Mariane Madsen ..	Domestic duties..	Wellington.
George Peters ..	Fisherman ..	Paremata.
August Adolp Julius Peterson	Mill-hand ..	Kaitoke.
Sven Benjamin Pettersson	Watchmaker ..	Queenstown.
Paul Pistor ..	Labourer ..	Port Chalmers.
Charles Samuelsen ..	Labourer ..	Sydenham.
Morton Sanders ..	Master Mariner..	Auckland.
Joseph Welnoski ..	Settler ..	Waihola.

J. G. WARD.

*Result of Poll for Proposed Loan, KIWITEA COUNTY.*

Colonial Secretary's Office,  
Wellington, 17th April, 1900.  
THE following notice, received from the Chairman of the Kiwitea County Council, is published in accordance with the provisions of "The Local Bodies' Loans Act, 1886."  
J. G. WARD.

KIWITEA COUNTY COUNCIL.—LOAN OF £1,875, MANGARERE BRIDGE.

THE following is the result of poll on the proposal to borrow £1,875 for construction of the Mangarere Bridge, in the Hautapu Riding of the Kiwitea County:—  
Number of ratepayers on roll, 11, representing 17 votes: Votes recorded for the proposal, 13; number of ratepayers voting, 9; votes against the proposal, nil.  
The number of valid votes recorded in favour of the proposal being more than three-fifths of the total number of valid votes recorded, I hereby declare the proposal to be carried.  
JAMES CORRY,  
Chairman, Kiwitea County Council.  
Kimbolton, 5th April, 1900.

*Result of Poll for Proposed Loan, PARIHAKA ROAD BOARD, County of Taranaki.*

Colonial Secretary's Office,  
Wellington, 17th April, 1900.  
THE following notice, received from the Chairman of the Parihaka Road Board, is published in accordance with the provisions of "The Local Bodies' Loans Act, 1886."  
J. G. WARD.

PARIHAKA ROAD BOARD.

RESULT of poll taken on Saturday, 7th April, 1900, at Messrs. McNeil's house, Opua Road, on a proposal to borrow £1,200 under "The Government Loans to Local Bodies Act, 1886," and subsection (1) of section 2 of "The Government Loans to Local Bodies Act Amendment Act, 1899," for draining, forming, culverting, and metalling a portion of the Opua Road:—  
Total number of ratepayers on special roll, 14: Total number of votes for the proposal, 10; total number of votes against the proposal, nil.  
A majority of the votes recorded having been given in favour of the proposal, I therefore declare the proposal to raise £1,200 for works on Opua Road as above mentioned to have been carried.  
T. MCGLOIN,  
Chairman, Parihaka Road Board.  
9th April, 1900.

*Licensing of Vehicles By-law made by the Grey County Council.*

Colonial Secretary's Office,  
Wellington, 18th April, 1900.

IT is hereby notified, in accordance with section 311 of "The Counties Act, 1886," that so much of the by-law, No. 10, made by the Grey County Council, and sealed on the 16th day of March, 1900, as appoints the several sums to be paid to the county funds for the licensing of vehicles has this day been approved by His Excellency the Governor.

J. CARROLL,  
For Colonial Secretary.

*Celebration of St. George's Day.*

Colonial Secretary's Office,  
Wellington, 18th April, 1900.

THE Government offices throughout New Zealand will be closed on Monday, the 23rd April, in celebration of St. George's Day.

J. G. WARD.

*Special Order made by the Moa Road Board, County of Taranaki.*

Colonial Secretary's Office,  
Wellington, 18th April, 1900.

THE following special order, made by the Moa Road Board, is published in accordance with the provisions of "The Road Boards Act, 1882."

J. G. WARD.

MOA ROAD BOARD.

*Special Order.*

THAT, to secure the repayment of a loan of £320 raised under "The Government Loans to Local Bodies Act Amendment Act, 1899," subsection (1), clause 2, for the purpose of forming and metalling the Richmond Road from the junction of the Lincoln Road to boundary of Moa District, a special rate of 1½d. in the pound be made and levied over the following lands, which are hereby constituted "The Richmond Road Special Rating District": Sections 215, 220 (in two subdivisions), 221 (in two subdivisions), 227, part 229, 230, part 233 (western portion), Block XIII., Waitara Survey District; part 232 (eastern portion), Block L., Huiroa Survey District. Such rate to be an annual recurring rate for twenty-six years, and to be payable in two half-yearly instalments on the 1st day of January and the 1st day of July in each year.

JOSEPH BROWN,  
Chairman.

I hereby certify that the above special order has been made by the Moa Road Board in accordance with the provisions of "The Road Boards Act, 1882."

A. E. ATKINSON,  
Clerk.

*Information respecting Bubonic Plague.*

Colonial Secretary's Office,  
Wellington, 18th April, 1900.

THE following report respecting the bubonic plague, placed at the disposal of the Government by the Vice-Consul for Germany at Wellington, is published for general information.

J. G. WARD,  
Colonial Secretary.

[Translation.]

GERMAN EMPIRE.

A MEETING of the Imperial Board of Health was held on the 29th September, 1899, having for its object the introduction of uniformity and system into the measures to be taken for dealing with the bubonic plague. At the meeting the necessity was recognised for a monograph on the subject adapted exclusively for the information of the medical profession, and a select committee was appointed to compile and publish such a paper. The committee consisted of the following extraordinary members of the Board: Professor Dr. Gaffky, of Giessen, and Professor Dr. Gerhardt, of Berlin, both members of the medical branch of the Privy Council; Professor Dr. Pfeiffer, of Königsberg, and Professor Dr. Sticker, of Giessen.

Their treatise is as follows:—

The history of epidemics teaches us that a plague, as often as it has shown itself in Europe and raged there, had been always introduced from elsewhere. It teaches further that it has repeatedly originated from an individual case in a district previously exempt from the disease, and that, even

if the mode of its introduction remained unrecognised, every plague-epidemic without exception has by means of isolated cases slowly and gradually established itself.

When there is a danger of plague threatening it is therefore of immense importance that the earliest cases should be thoroughly understood; in fact, this is a necessary condition for the prompt and effective prevention of its further spread.

The object of this treatise is to make medical men acquainted with the actual phenomena of the plague as an illness and as an epidemic, and thus to put them in a position as far as possible to meet the responsibilities which, in times of plague as in ordinary infectious diseases, they share with the public-health authorities.

The plague attacks suddenly, and, as a rule, runs a course of from three to five days' suffering. An inflamed swelling of the exterior lymph-glands, a pustule, a carbuncle on the skin, or an attack of the lungs emerge as a local symptom at the beginning or in the progress of the disease, or are only noticed for the first time on the dead body. These are, roughly speaking, the usual features.

At all periods of the appearance of the plague it has been found that even distinguished medical men, who did not know the more recondite symptoms of the appearance or were not thinking of the plague, on the first cases of the sickness, were able to cherish the conviction that they were merely dealing with an ordinary carbuncle, or with a common infection of the lymph-glands, or with an every-day case of inflammation of the lungs, or with a rapid and virulent typhus, intermittent fever, or spleen-disease. And they persisted in this mistaken notion until the number of similar attacks, the increasing list of deaths, the undoubted strength of the infection awakened them to the knowledge that a frightful evil, quite out of the ordinary, had developed before their eyes.

The sickness attacks persons of either sex and of every age and position. It usually makes its first appearance in the homes of the poor and miserable, and exhibits there its most virulent form.

The beginning of the pronounced sickness is sometimes heralded by premonitory symptoms lasting for hours or days—languor, depression, pains across the loins, headache, thirst, and loss of appetite. Frequently the attack is quite sudden. Sharp, burning, or dull pains in the locality where, later or at once, the gland-inflammation, carbuncle, or pneumonia makes itself felt may be the first signs of an illness, followed by a chill, a shivering attack, with subsequent fever-heat. This fever may last for hours, or even days, before the local symptoms take definite shape.

The first attack of the illness is almost always accompanied by a feeling of giddiness that may amount to a fit, with the outward signs of total loss of consciousness, with failing control over the limbs. The giddiness is frequently accompanied by nausea or vomiting, not seldom by weak action of the heart, even to the extent of collapse.

When the patient comes under medical treatment the form of the malady is in bad cases as a rule already fully developed. With look directed into vacancy, face bloated, flabby, and expressionless, the whites of the eyes bloodshot, laboured, stammering speech, hesitating, reeling gait, the patient gives the impression of a drunken man. This impression is sometimes confirmed by the fact that face and limbs are disfigured by scurf and bloody boils as he totters and tumbles. The tongue is pale in colour, as if coated with chalk; more rarely red like a raspberry, and warty. The skin over the whole body is dry and burning hot, or it shows increased heat in face and trunk, while the pulseless extremities are cold and covered with a clammy sweat. The breathing is laboured and gasping, the heart-beats greatly accelerated, the arteries distended; the radial pulse has a double beat, full or thread-like and almost extinct, whilst the heart-beat is still vigorous.

When put to bed the patient soon lies in a condition of drowsy weakness, muttering softly or talking at random; or he turns restlessly with noisy delirium from side to side on the bed, gets up, begins to wander restlessly, shows an angry rage under an imaginary impulse: he must go home; he must go to business; he must quench his thirst; and would escape if he were not restrained by attendants or fastened in the bed.

In most cases very careful observation will succeed, in the quite early stages of the illness, in localising the seat of the mischief, and thereby approaching a diagnosis. A newly arisen glandular swelling, or a boil on the skin, or signs of incipient lung-affection belong to the fully developed form of the plague-sickness, which may thus be met with in the three following forms: Glandular plague, skin-plague, or lung-plague. Gastric plague has up to the present been only traced with certainty in the lower animals.

The glandular or bubonic plague, the most frequent form of the disease, is manifested by the appearance of a bubo, which takes the form of an inflamed swelling of one or more lymph-glands, implicating the surrounding tissue, smaller or more vigorous, quicker or slower in its development. Any

exterior lymph-gland may be the original seat of the illness. In far the majority of cases the bubo appears in the groin, or in the angle of the upper thigh, or frequently in the armpit, or, especially with children, in the neck. In some few cases the seat of the inflammation is in the glands of the back of the head, in the elbow, under the knee, in the front or rear ear-glands, the glands of the tongue, &c.

Very frequently one finds the outer lymph-glands in a slightly irritable condition, or apparently passed over by the disease-germ, whilst the deep glands of the second or third order develop into bubos; so that, for example, the groin-glands remain free, whilst an iliac or lumbar bubo emerges, which, as a perityphlitic swelling, may be felt through the walls of the abdomen. Or a neck-gland is slightly swollen, whilst a feeling of suffocation in the neighbourhood of the collar-bone and an appearance of pressure in the throat-organs betray the presence of a bubo in the upper cavity of the chest. In the bubo the individual enlarged glands may be clearly felt, or the inflammation of the intervening tissue has packed them in a thick heap, which can only be indistinctly traced in its surroundings. Frequently, also, it is surrounded by a doughy œdema spreading through the neighbouring tissues and over the skin. In the bubo the sensitiveness to pressure is usually far greater than the normal pain; so that the patient, when the section of the limb on which the bubo forms is in a restful, half-bent position, may feel no pain. A small bubo might quite easily remain unnoticed by the patient and his friends, so that the doctor must cautiously and repeatedly examine by touch all the glands within reach.

Plague-pustules and plague-carbuncles are not of frequent occurrence in comparison with plague-bubos. They begin with flea-bite-like spots, about the size of a pea, on some one part of the skin. Out of these small tender spots a smaller or larger bladder or blister, containing thick matter, quickly develops. Then it either remains during the formation of the pustule, or the surrounding tissues become thick and hard, and rapidly turn into a deep-reaching carbuncle, and then into an unhealthy abscess. From the pustule one often sees inflamed lymph-ducts leading to the nearest gland-layer, in which a bubo generally arises. Also, the complete carbuncle can be connected with the bubo set up in its neighbourhood.

The lung-plague, which predominates in some of the plague epidemics, but which as a rule yields in frequency to the glandular plague, runs almost the same course as an ordinary severe catarrhic or croupous pneumonia. Even if the bad common symptoms give it at the outset a specially virulent aspect, it cannot in an individual case be distinguished with certainty from other forms of lung inflammation without a bacteriological examination of the discharge.

Bubo, plague-pustules, inflammation of the lungs are alike the opening stage of the attack, sometimes preceding the fever, or, when it comes on, they develop their differences some hours or days after. Seldom does their appearance delay until the third day.

In all forms of plague there is early weakness of the heart. All may have at the beginning appearances of irritation in stomach and bowels, sensitiveness to pressure in the region of the epigastrium and cœcum, violent vomiting, followed by the passage of black fœces. With some regularity may be observed a slight degree of swelling of the abdomen, a soft palpable or percussible swelling of the spleen, traces of nucleo-albumen and of serum-albumen in the urine. Hæmoptysis or blood in the urine is of rarer occurrence. A diphtheritic affection of tonsils and palate is often found at an early stage; almost invariably there is more or less severe inflammation of the conjunctiva, frequently accompanied by a rapid inflammation of the cornea, which may lead to suppuration of the eyes. Red spots or stripes in the skin and in the mucous membrane are of unequal frequency in different forms of the epidemic. Sometimes one sees in the course of the disease inflammation of the lymphatic vessels develop below the bubos, blisters break out in their neighbourhood, and new bubos add themselves to the old in different parts of the body.

The course of the plague varies, always according to the organ attacked, to the extent that cases of skin and glandular plague may be mild and tolerably free from marked signs of sickness, whilst lung-plague as a rule shows severe symptoms, and quickly leads to death. Amongst the bubos those of the neck generally betoken the most severe form of disease; in their case death usually follows by suffocation. There are also cases in which, before any sign of localisation, even before the patient is aware of his illness, death supervenes with startling rapidity. The third or fourth day of illness generally brings cessation of the fever, and very frequently immediate death. If the patient survives the third or fourth day he may either continue free from fever and recover, or there is a relapse into fever, and it runs its course as before, either with or without further consequences. On the sixth or ninth day there is almost invariably a recurrence of fluctuations in the temperature and

pulse lines; so that a longer illness, even in exceptional cases extending over the second week, appears conditioned by subsequent attacks, which may make themselves known even through the appearance of new secondary bubos. The fever-temperature is usually 39° to 40° C., but may be less. A rise to or continuance at 41° C. or more is often observed, especially at the beginning of the illness or of a second attack. Before death the temperature falls rapidly, or even suddenly, with the quick failure of the patient's strength; it may after that again rise, and even in the dead body show 42° C. or more.

The course of the plague-fever here sketched is in many cases disturbed by accessory infections of a different kind; but more generally other infections become merged in the special plague-disease, along with the fever which is conditioned by them, especially infection by streptococcus, staphylococcus, pneumococcus, or influenza bacilli.

Death may interrupt the course of the illness at any period. In cases of recovery all symptoms of illness may suddenly or gradually disappear. The cause of death is, when not suffocation by reason of a neck-bubo or inflammation of the lungs, the gradual or sudden paralysis of the circulation of the blood.

Recoveries range from 10 per cent. to, at the highest, 40 per cent. of those attacked. Recovery follows after the subsidence of the fever attack, in the case of the glandular plague by gradual dispersion, or almost as frequently by suppuration, of the bubo; in carbuncle-plague by the slow or speedy peeling-off of the injured tissue.

Recovery is tedious in the more serious cases. The patient who appears to have got well may sooner or later succumb to a sudden syncope of the heart. Many die of septic fever, some of supervening plague-meningitis. Secondary infections, especially of a pulmonic character, aggravated by bad nursing and insanitary surroundings, kill numerous convalescents. Even after weeks and months many succumb to a lingering weakness caused by protracted suppuration, by a slow degeneration of the internal organs, or by an increasing impoverishment of the blood. Amongst the sequelæ paralysis in the region of the most diverse nerve-tracts plays a leading part.

The ordinary prognosis of the plague-disease is, in the case of extensive mortality, bad. In an individual case it is impossible to say the result with any certainty. One can only say that any patient free from fever after the third or sixth day will probably recover, unless some serious complication should arise.

An early appearance of the bubo is proportionately favourable. Specially unfavourable are vomiting of blood, bloody stools, petechiæ, the delayed outbreak of boils and carbuncles, diphtheria of the tonsils. Hiccough announces the approach of death. From lung-plague few recover. Previous long-standing and chronic diseases of the lung are almost certainly against recovery. Plague mortality mounts high among consumptives, the syphilitic, and the drinkers.

A second attack of the plague is exceptional, and, generally speaking, fatal.

During the epidemic the speedy maturing of the severe fever symptoms in most cases renders diagnosis easy, if there is also a fully developed local region of disease in the lymph-glands, on the skin, or in the lungs, more especially if beyond this may be observed delirium, tottering gait, exceptionally weak pulse, injection of the eyes, and a white-coated tongue. But apart from the epidemic, even in fully developed cases of the sickness, the diagnosis is limited to probability, because it has to extend its view to disease of the spleen, malignant intermittent fever or typhus, and the ordinary pneumonia. The milder cases, with their ordinary and unimportant local disease-symptoms, and the severe cases, in which death anticipates the formation of a local disease-product, alike evade diagnosis, unless it is supported by bacteriological examination before or after death.

The main safeguard against a mistaken diagnosis is a reference to the plague-generator. We must give here a short account of its distinctive characteristics.

The plague-generator is a bacillus without movement of its own, which in form and size exhibits considerable diversity according to external conditions of development, the nature of its nutriment, and the like. As a rule it appears as a short bar rounded at the ends, its length being twice to three times its breadth. Not infrequently, however, the difference between length and breadth is so slight that the bar-like form is not conspicuous.

The plague-bacillus is easily coloured for mounting with the usual aniline colouring matter. The outer portion of the bacillus, and especially the ends, colour more strongly than the middle (polar colouring), and this appearance specially shows after careful colouring with methylene blue. Plague-bacilli will not colour by the Gram method.

The artificial cultivation of the plague-bacillus succeeds when the air gains access to it, and is easy in the usual solid and fluid nutritive media, such as agar-agar, solidified blood-serum, gelatine, soup, &c.; on the other hand, when the air is excluded growth is checked. In a sugary medium plague-

bacilli do not evolve any fermentation. A temperature between 25° and 37° C. is almost equally suitable to their growth. Between 10° and 15° C. growth is slow, but still vigorous, and even at a temperature of 5° C. it is not absolutely impossible. If the germ used for their propagation has been taken from the patient or the dead body their growth is slow, even under the most favourable conditions of warmth. Upon the surface of solidified agar, for example, that is kept at 37° C., the first beginnings of a colony visible to the naked eye do not appear before the lapse of twenty-four hours, and for full development twice to three times that period is required. Surface-cultures consist, then, of fragile little drop-like colonies, transparent under the microscope, and showing little propensity to run together. Under soupcultivation the plague-bacilli grow abundantly in the form of streptococci-like chains of varying length. Cultivated upon very dry agar, especially upon agar containing from 2 to 3 per cent. cooking-salt, the plague-bacilli take in from one to two days numerous quite extraordinary involution-forms—large globular shapes of irregular build, which, for the most part, can only be imperfectly coloured with aniline dye.

Permanent forms of the plague-bacillus are not known.

In fluid media warmed up to 55° to 60° C. the bacillus dies in ten minutes; boiling-heat kills it at once. Dried on linen and the like materials, it may in our climate retain vitality for many weeks.

Plague-bacilli are to be found in all products of sickness of the living, and almost throughout the whole body of a patient who has succumbed to the plague. The pus and tissue of fresh bubos and carbuncles, the inflammatory exudations in the lungs, contain bacilli in appalling numbers. In the contents of a spontaneously breaking or incised bubo they are only exceptionally found, so that in all cases of gland-plague which end in convalescence they must be got at by incision of the bubo when fresh. Such cases, anyhow, give but little scope for diagnostic doubt or error. Blisters and carbuncles yield, when opened, material for bacteriological diagnosis. In most cases of lung-plague the sputum contains numberless bacilli, and affords sure means of diagnosis. Failing sputum, a section or puncture of the lung in the dead body would decide the question, supposing it had not been already settled by bacteriological examination of the blood. But an examination of the blood should not be neglected in any case of plague, for it is always easily carried out, and is often decisive. In the majority of plague patients who die one can find in the last hours of life, sometimes a few days before, bacilli, either few or in numbers, in a drop of blood obtained by a needle-prick from any part of the skin. From the normal excretions, saliva, sweat, urine, milk, menstrual fluid, lochia, they are more difficult to obtain and less frequent. In terminal lung-œdema they invariably appear in masses.

Should bacteriological examination of the living patient be from any reason impracticable or fruitless, that of the dead body is always easy and sure, especially if one submits to the test of the microscope, the examination of tissue-sections and prepared specimens, and the inoculation of a rat or mouse. Beside the primary localisation in the skin, glands, or lungs, the blood, spleen, lung-foundations, gall (duralfüssigkeit) are materials specially adapted for getting traces of bacilli.

Above all a *post mortem* reveals for the first time many cases of plague which remained unrecognised or uncertain during life. The anatomical condition is usually more uniform and on that account more characteristic than the aspect of the sickness. Besides the primary lesions, the fatty or marrowy lymph-glands, the saline, bloody, far-reaching absorption of the neighbouring tissues in one case, the carbuncle with deep-reaching infiltration of underlying parts in another, the thickening of the lobes or lobulars of the lung in a third, one finds in almost every corpse a soft swollen spleen, colourless blood, and invariably effusion of blood in different organs, especially abundant in the stomach, thin gut, cœcum, basin of the kidneys, &c. Further, one finds here and there "herdförmige necrosen," and a high degree of parenchymatous degeneration of the glandular internal organs, and especially of the liver.

The most important considerations in the treatment of plague patients are a good situation, fresh air, cool spongings. The great thirst of the patient should be alleviated without stint. Fresh water, acid drinks, milk are his favourite beverages. Many doctors advise against stimulants in cases of pronounced depression of the brain and vital centres. A cleaning-out of the bowels by castor-oil or similar mild measures is recommended by some medical men, and it appears effective as a ground of general health, which affords free exit to accumulations of blood formed through mechanical irritation or constipation of the bowels. As to the expediency of heart-stimulating methods in cases of plague medical men are not unanimous.

To cauterise or destroy the existing plague-pustule an application of grey ointment, lotions of sublimate or carbolic over the inflamed lymphatics or bubos, appear effective. Further treatment of the bubos must be surgical. For

patients with lung-plague the inhalation of 1 per cent. of carbolic lime-water spray is recommended.

The best protection for doctor and nurse is perfect and scrupulous cleanliness. The grave danger of infection through the sputum of the lung-plague patient, and through the exudation from the lungs of the dying, is especially to be guarded against.

There must be disinfection of everything that passes from the patient, and it must extend to everything that comes in contact with him. Of chemical disinfectants the following are particularly suitable: Solutions of sublimate, one in a thousand; carbolic, 3 per cent.; solution of kresol soap; as well as chlorate of lime, 2 per cent.

As a preventive measure—more especially for the protection of doctors and nurses—the question of inoculation with deadened plague-cultures, the so-called active preventive process, "immunisirung," is worth considering. This plague-preventive inoculation is, as the wholesale inoculations in India have shown, not dangerous, and affords protection, if not infallible at least unmistakable, against infection. It must above all things, however, be taken into consideration that, so far as animal experiments afford a means of judging, inoculation does not display its protective operation until after seven days.

Following the analogy of the diphtheritic serum, the serum of animals rendered in a high degree immune from the plague-bacillus has also been recommended, both as preventive and means of cure. But, notwithstanding its clearly marked characteristics in animal experiments, the plague-serum has not as yet shown itself capable of producing any generally accepted results in human plague.

To treat the matter as an epidemic: In our opening remarks it has been noticed that the plague, after its introduction, at first spreads but slowly. Frequently cases are limited at the beginning to the families of those first attacked, or to persons who become infected by nursing or visiting them. Soon, however, they extend, still in small numbers, to the neighbouring houses, or even to distant quarters, attacking persons who cannot be shown to have been in any way in contact with the early victims. So the epidemic, if the soil be congenial and it is left to itself, gradually finds a home in the course of weeks or months; but its subsequent progress is swift, according to circumstances, until, after reaching its highest point, it dies away, at first quickly, and then more slowly. Its extinction is often only apparent; after an interval of respite lasting for weeks or months not infrequently a fresh epidemic may start, and this again be succeeded by others.

Epidemics of such sudden development as may occur in the case of Asiatic cholera and abdominal typhus, in consequence of the disease-germ finding its way into drinking and household water, are not observed in the plague.

A marked feature in the behaviour of the plague is its tendency to fasten on individual houses and specially devastate these. If the early attacked houses are vacated and the inhabitants transferred elsewhere, the latter usually remain free from infection.

In the dissemination of the plague the transmission of the disease-germ from man to man takes the foremost place. The process may be immediate, or it may be that linen, clothing, or other articles which have come in contact with a sick person serve as intermediary agencies.

The manner in which the disease-generator leaves the body has already been described. The danger of infection is usually slight in the milder cases of glandular plague, in which the disease-germ is at first imprisoned in the swollen gland; and the case is hardly different when the bubo becomes soft and breaks, for under these conditions the plague-bacilli are, as a rule, already dead. The liability to infection is quite different, however, in severe cases of septicæmic gland-plague, in which the disease-germs may be secreted even during life along with the different bodily secretions, especially massing together shortly before death in the lung-œdema. The most dangerous source of infection are patients with lung-plague, owing to the masses of plague-bacilli in the sputum, which, by cough or by merely speaking, are launched in the air in the form of the tiniest particles.

The plague-germs detached from the sick find an entrance into the lymph-ducts of the healthy by small, generally unnoticed abrasions of the epidermis, scratches, flea-pricks, and such-like. In other cases they nestle first in the mucous membrane of the mouth or fauces, or on the tonsils, possibly also pass from the conjunctiva into the nostrils, or finally are breathed into the bronchial tubes from the cavity of the mouth in the course of respiration.

That these various modes of infection find special facilities of access from man to man wherever a dirty population herds together in small, dark, overcrowded dwellings is a conspicuous fact. Where light and air come in freely and abundantly, and cleanliness prevails, experience shows that there is little danger of the plague obtaining sufficient foothold to become an epidemic scourge.

The direct and indirect infection of human intercourse, however, forms not the only means for the propagation of plague-germs. Many phenomena in the attack and progress of the plague are only accounted for by the fact that certain animals also, living in human neighbourhood, are attacked by virulent epidemics. Foremost of these are rats, who carry the plague infection in large measure in their intestinal canal. These animals are in the habit of devouring their own sick and dead, and thus the plague easily spreads amongst them when once started.

But the plague-rats are not only dangerous to each other; their secretions contain masses of plague-bacilli, and with these they infect human habitations—all the more easily from the accepted fact that rats sick of the plague lose all fear of man, come forth from their holes, and not seldom die within dwellinghouses. Mice also seem to play a similar, although apparently a more restricted, part in the spread of infection.

It is these agencies, partly subterranean and entirely beyond control, that throw light on attacks between which no connection can be traced. They explain also the tendency of the disease—already alluded to—to maintain itself in overcrowded districts, even in the face of apparent interruptions in its career.

If the detailed analysis here given contributes to a fuller understanding of the nature and modes of propagation of the plague its object will be gained. Above all, may it (if the plague should ever reach Germany) facilitate for our doctors a correct judgment on the first cases, in order that they may be immediately put to the test. One other point scarcely needs to be emphasized: Having regard to the extraordinary expansive capacity of a plague outbreak when once it has taken firm hold of a locality, the diagnosis of the early cases, if it is to gain its end, must not be given to the world except on a clear understanding with a properly qualified specialist, and resting on the sure basis of bacteriological investigation.

Notice to Local Authorities under "The Government Loans to Local Bodies Act, 1886."

The Treasury,  
Wellington, 17th April, 1900.

PURSUANT to section 16 of "The Government Loans to Local Bodies Act, 1886," the Colonial Treasurer hereby gives notice that on Friday, the 1st June, 1900, he will be prepared to consider applications from local authorities for loans under the Act.

Applications should be addressed to the Colonial Treasurer, and must be posted so as to arrive at the Treasury on or before the 31st May, 1900.

R. J. SEDDON,  
Colonial Treasurer.

*Approving and appointing a Bonding Warehouse.*

CUSTOMS.—In exercise of the powers in me for this purpose vested by "The Customs Laws Consolidation Act, 1882," I, the Commissioner of Trade and Customs, do hereby approve and appoint the under-mentioned warehouse to be a warehouse for the reception of goods under bond, namely,—

*Port of Dunedin.*

A brick building, roofed with iron, situated in Crawford Street, on Section 37B, Block 55, to be known as

BAXTER'S BOND.

Given under my hand, at Wellington, this eighteenth day of April, one thousand nine hundred.

J. G. WARD,  
For Commissioner of Trade and Customs.  
Commissioner's Order No. 635.]

*Notice to Mariners, No. 18 of 1900.*

Marine Department,  
Wellington, 17th April, 1900.

REFERRING to Notice to Mariners No. 21 of 1898, issued by this department on the 25th June, 1898, the following notice, received from the Presidency Port Officer, Madras, is published for general information.

WM. HALL-JONES.

*INDIA, WEST COAST.—MANGALORE LIGHT.*

With reference to this office Notice to Mariners No. 18 of 1898, it is notified that the fixed white light referred to in paragraph 2 thereof will, on and after the 1st May, 1900, be exhibited from a (cement) grey tower on the southern end of the enclosure known as the Marine Yard at Mangalore, latitude 12° 52' N., longitude 74° 50' E., approximately.

Pending the exhibition of this light and the removal of the apparatus from the present tower to the new position, a temporary light will be shown from the port flagstaff platform, 40 ft. above sea-level, and visible seaward eight miles in clear weather from north through east to S. 40° E.

THOS. G. R. FINNY,  
Commander, R.I.M., Presidency Port Officer.  
Presidency Port-office, Madras, 3rd March, 1900.

*Bonus on Mineral Oil produced from Shale obtained in New Zealand.—Extension of Time.*

Colonial Secretary's Office,  
Wellington, 10th April, 1900.

THE time for notifying intention to claim the under-mentioned bonus, and for making such claim, has been extended as follows:—

Notice of intention to claim the bonus must be given in writing to the Colonial Secretary not later than the 31st December, 1900.

The claim must be made before the 30th June, 1901.

J. G. WARD,  
Colonial Secretary.

*Bonus on Mineral Oil produced from Shale obtained in New Zealand.*

Colonial Secretary's Office,  
Wellington, 29th October, 1898.

NOTICE is hereby given that a bonus will be paid for the production of mineral oil under the following conditions:—

1. A bonus of 1s. per gallon (£5,000) will be paid on the first 100,000 gallons of mineral oil produced from shale obtained in the Colony of New Zealand, the oil to be of a quality approved of by Government, and to be sold at a price not exceeding 1s. a gallon at any port of shipment in the colony.

2. Notice of intention to claim the aforesaid bonus must be given in writing to the Colonial Secretary not later than the 31st December, 1899.

3. The claim must be made before the 30th June, 1900.

4. The first claimant who proves to the satisfaction of the Government that he has fulfilled all the conditions to be the recipient of the bonus.

5. The other conditions—as to quantity, priority, quality, and value—to be fulfilled to the satisfaction of an officer appointed for the purpose by the Government.

J. CARROLL.

*Bonus for the Production of Mineral Manure.—Notice No. 580.*

Department of Agriculture,  
Wellington, 12th December, 1899.

THE following sum is hereby offered as a bonus for the discovery and working within the colony of a deposit or deposits of marketable mineral manure, viz.:—

£500 IF FOUND ON CROWN LANDS;  
£250 IF FOUND ON FREEHOLD LANDS.

The following are the conditions under which the bonus is offered and will be paid:—

1. That the raw material is easily accessible, and within reasonable distance of a railway or seaport.

2. That the committee appointed by the Minister for Agriculture to examine the deposit is satisfied that there is sufficient to meet all ordinary demands for five years.

3. That the manure can be disposed of at a price which will allow of it being remuneratively used for agricultural purposes.

4. That the composition of the phosphate shall average not less than 40 per cent. of phosphate of lime (tricalcic phosphate); provided, however, should a phosphate of a lower average composition be discovered, the committee may recommend that a portion of the bonus be granted.

The terms of payment will be—

One-fifth on the committee reporting favourably of the discovery;

One-fifth on delivery of first 200 tons;

The remaining three-fifths by equal payments on delivery of each additional 150 tons.

Applications addressed to "The Hon. the Minister for Agriculture, Wellington," will be received up to and including the 1st day of July, 1900.

W. C. WALKER,  
For Minister for Agriculture.

*Branch of Friendly Society registered.*

Friendly Societies' Registry Office,  
Wellington, 11th April, 1900.

THE Myrtle Rebekah Lodge No. 4, situated at Auckland, is registered as a branch of the Independent Order of Odd Fellows of New Zealand Friendly Society, under "The Friendly Societies Act, 1882," this 11th day of April, 1900.

EDMUND MASON,  
Registrar of Friendly Societies.

*Governors of the Auckland Grammar School elected.*

Education Board,  
Auckland, 5th April, 1900.

IN accordance with "The Auckland Grammar School Act, 1899," and with the regulations thereunder for the election of Governors by the Education Board of the District of Auckland, I hereby notify that, at a meeting of the said Board held this day,

SAMUEL LUKE, Esq., and  
LEMUEL JOHN BAGNALL

were duly elected Governors of the Board of Governors constituted by the said Act, to fill the vacancies caused by the retirement of Samuel Luke, Esq., and by the resignation of Richard Hobbs, Esq.

L. J. BAGNALL,  
Chairman of Meeting.

**Crown Lands Notices.**

*Land in Elsthorpe Village, Hawke's Bay, open for Selection on Lease in Perpetuity.*

District Lands and Survey Office,  
Napier, 18th April, 1900.

NOTICE is hereby given that the under-mentioned Crown lands will be open for selection upon lease in perpetuity on Wednesday, the 6th June, 1900.

**SCHEDULE.**

HAWKE'S BAY LAND DISTRICT.—PATANGATA COUNTY.—ELSTHORPE VILLAGE.

*First-class Land.*

Section.	Block.	Area.	Lease in Perpetuity: Rent, 5 per Cent.	
			Rent per Acre.	Half-yearly Rent.
12	..	A. R. P. 0 1 0	£ s. d. 2 0 0	£ s. d. 0 5 0

This section is situated on the main road from Kaikora to the coast, is a good residence-site, and is about fourteen miles from the former place.

ERIC C. GOLD SMITH,  
Commissioner of Crown Lands.

*Land in Blind River Estate, Marlborough, open for Application on Lease in Perpetuity.*

District Lands and Survey Office,  
Blenheim, 18th April, 1900.

NOTICE is hereby given that the under-mentioned Crown land will be open for selection on lease in perpetuity at the District Lands and Survey Office, Blenheim, on Monday, the 4th June, 1900, under the provisions of "The Land Act, 1892," and "The Land for Settlements Act, 1894," and its amendments.

**SCHEDULE.**

MARLBOROUGH LAND DISTRICT.—MARLBOROUGH COUNTY.—CLIFFORD BAY SURVEY DISTRICT.—BLIND RIVER ESTATE.

*First-class Land.*

Section.	Block.	Area.	Lease in Perpetuity: Rent, 5 per Cent.			
			Rent per Acre.	Half-yearly Rent.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
12	XII.	A. R. P. 124 0 0	s. d. 3 4	£ s. d. 10 6 8		

Weighted with £75, value for improvements.  
Description of section: Twenty-five miles from Blenheim by good road. The land consists of flats and easy slopes, nearly the whole of the section being ploughable, but the soil on the upper flats and slopes is light; the lower flat, of about 15 acres, is good agricultural land.

C. W. ADAMS,  
Commissioner of Crown Lands.

*Kauri Timber, Auckland, for Sale by Public Auction.*

District Lands and Survey Office,  
Auckland, 18th April, 1900.

NOTICE is hereby given that the under-mentioned green and dead kauri timber, standing upon Blocks IV. and VIII., Hukerenui Survey District, in the Puhipuhi State Forest, Bay of Islands and Whangarei Counties, will be offered for sale by public auction, at this office, on Friday, the 8th day of June, 1900, at 11 o'clock a.m.:—  
Lot No. 1.—1,957 green kauri-trees, containing 6,163,407 superficial feet; 3,184 singed kauri-trees, containing 5,610,920 superficial feet; and 56 totara trees. Upset price, £5,944.

Conditions of Sale.—One-third of the purchase-money to be paid in cash or by marked cheque on the fall of the hammer, one-third within two years, and the remaining third within four years from date of sale.

The timber to be removed within seven years from date of sale.

All timber to be shipped by railway at the Whakapara booms.

GERHARD MUELLER,  
Commissioner of Crown Lands.

*Rural Land in the Hawke's Bay Land District open for Sale or Selection.*

District Lands and Survey Office, Napier, 18th April, 1900.

THE under-mentioned Crown land will be open for sale or selection, in terms of section 136 of "The Land Act, 1892," either for cash, for occupation with right of purchase, or for lease in perpetuity, at the option of the selector, on and after Wednesday, the 6th June, 1900.

If more than one application be received on the same day, then the order of selection shall be decided by ballot on the following day, at 11 a.m., at the District Lands and Survey Office, Napier.

**SCHEDULE.**

HAWKE'S BAY LAND DISTRICT.

*First-class Land.*

County.	District.	Section.	Block.	Area.	Cash Price.		Occupation with Right of Purchase: Rent, 5 per Cent.		Lease in Perpetuity: Rent, 4 per Cent.		
					Per Acre.	Total Price.	Rent per Acre.	Half-yearly Rent.	Rent per Acre.	Half-yearly Rent.	
Hawke's Bay	Pohui	..	2	XVI.	A. R. P. 348 2 0	£ s. d. 25 0	£ s. d. 429 7 6	s. d. 1 3	£ s. d. 10 15 0	s. d. 1 0	£ s. d. 8 12 0

Broken land, with deep gullies; about 25 acres clear land; fair soil; timber chiefly rimu and matai, with dense under-scrub. About two miles from Pohui.

ERIC C. GOLD SMITH,  
Commissioner of Crown Lands.



Lands in the Township of Potaka for Lease by Public Auction.

District Lands and Survey Office,  
Wellington, 21st March, 1900.

THE under-mentioned sections in the Township of Potaka will be offered for lease by public auction for a term of twenty-one years, with right of renewal for a further term of twenty-one years, at Luks' Accommodation House, Utiku, at 12 o'clock noon, on Wednesday, the 9th May, 1900. Sections not sold on the 9th May, 1900, will be open thereafter at the upset rentals noted below.

SCHEDULE.

WELLINGTON LAND DISTRICT.—TOWNSHIP OF POTAKA.

Section.	Block.	Area.	Upset Yearly Rental.
		A. R. P.	£ s. d.
3	I.	2 1 6	1 12 0
8	"	0 1 0	1 5 0
9	"	0 1 0	1 5 0
10	"	0 1 0	1 5 0
11	"	0 1 0	1 5 0
12	"	0 1 0	1 7 6
13	"	0 1 0	1 7 6
1	II.	0 2 9	0 15 0
2	"	0 2 0	0 15 0
3	"	0 2 0	0 15 0
4	"	0 2 0	0 15 0
5	"	0 2 0	0 15 0
8	"	3 1 8	2 5 0
9	"	3 1 24	2 5 0
10	"	4 0 17	2 10 0
1	III.	1 0 7	0 17 6
2	"	1 0 0	0 17 6
3	"	1 0 0	0 17 6
4	"	1 0 0	1 0 0 <sup>(a)</sup>
7	"	1 0 0	1 2 6
8	"	1 0 0	1 2 6
9	"	0 1 0	3 0 0 <sup>(b)</sup>
10	"	0 1 0	2 10 0 <sup>(c)</sup>
11	"	0 1 0	2 10 0
12	"	0 1 0	2 10 0
13	"	0 1 0	1 10 0
14	"	0 1 2	2 0 0 <sup>(d)</sup>
15	"	0 0 23	1 15 0
16	"	0 0 31	2 0 0
17	"	0 1 0	2 5 0
18	"	0 1 0	2 5 0
19	"	0 1 0	2 5 0
20	"	0 1 0	2 5 0
21	"	0 1 0	2 5 0
22	"	0 1 0	2 5 0
23	"	0 1 0	2 10 0
24	"	0 0 33	2 15 0
25	"	0 0 34	2 5 0
26	"	0 1 6	1 15 0
27	"	0 1 0	1 15 0
28	"	0 1 0	1 10 0
29	"	0 1 0	1 10 0
30	"	0 1 0	1 10 0
31	"	0 1 25	1 10 0 <sup>(e)</sup>
32	"	6 0 5	4 0 0
33	"	6 2 23	4 10 0
2	IV.	0 1 0	1 5 0
4	"	0 1 0	1 5 0
5	"	0 1 0	1 5 0
6	"	0 1 0	1 5 0
7	"	0 1 0	1 5 0
8	"	0 1 0	1 5 0 <sup>(f)</sup>
9	"	0 1 14	1 10 0 <sup>(g)</sup>
11	"	1 0 0	1 0 0 <sup>(h)</sup>
12	"	1 0 0	1 0 0 <sup>(i)</sup>
13	"	1 0 0	1 0 0
14	"	1 0 0	1 0 0
15	"	1 0 29	1 2 6
16	"	0 3 19	1 0 0
17	"	0 3 19	1 0 0 <sup>(j)</sup>
18	"	0 3 19	1 0 0
19	"	0 3 19	1 0 0
20	"	0 3 19	1 0 0
21	"	1 0 28	1 2 6
1	V.	0 1 13	1 7 6
2	"	0 1 0	1 5 0
4	"	0 1 0	1 5 0
6	"	0 1 0	1 5 0

(a) Weighted with £4 for improvements.

(b) " £309 15s. "

(c) " £22 10s. "

(d) " £25 "

(e) " £17 10s. "

(f) " £8 "

(g) " £40 "

(h) " £2 "

(i) " £2 "

(j) " £20 "

Section.	Block.	Area.	Upset Yearly Rental.
		A. R. P.	£ s. d.
7	V.	0 1 11	1 15 0
8	"	1 1 3	1 7 6 <sup>(a)</sup>
9	"	2 0 19	1 15 0
10	"	3 3 12	3 0 0 <sup>(b)</sup>
12	"	1 0 0	1 7 0
13	"	1 0 0	1 7 0
14	"	1 0 0	1 7 0
15	"	1 0 5	1 5 0
1	VI.	0 2 0	2 0 0
3	"	0 2 0	1 17 6
5	"	0 2 0	1 17 6
6	"	0 2 0	1 17 6
7	"	0 2 0	1 17 6
8	"	0 2 0	1 17 6
9	"	0 2 0	1 17 6
10	"	0 2 0	1 17 6
11	"	0 3 16	1 17 6
12	"	2 1 12	2 10 0
13	"	2 1 16	2 0 0
14	"	2 1 19	2 0 0
15	"	2 1 23	2 0 0
16	"	3 1 6	2 10 0
1	VII.	0 2 6	1 15 0 <sup>(c)</sup>
2	"	0 2 17	1 15 0
3	"	0 3 13	2 5 0
4	"	1 0 27	2 10 0

(a) Weighted with £20 for improvements.

(b) " £70 "

(c) " £1 "

The Potaka Township (hitherto known as Kaikoura) is situated on the Main Coach-road between Mangaweka and Taihape, the distance to the latter being about six miles. The North Island Main Trunk Railway, which is under construction, passes through the township, where a reserve has been made for proposed railway-station. The area comprises open, flat, and undulating land laid down in English grasses. Remnants of the forest—stumps and logs—still remain. The soil is of good quality, capable of producing garden- and farm-produce freely. There exist a few stores, accommodation-houses, a temporary public school, post-and-telegraph office, and a daily coach- and mail-service both ways from the terminus of the railway at Mangaonoho, which is about twenty miles distant. The climate is healthy, the district is being rapidly settled, and the township affords an opportunity to business people, labourers, and small settlers to establish homes on reasonable and advantageous terms.

Maps and full particulars may be obtained upon application.

TERMS AND CONDITIONS OF LEASE.

1. The respective lots shall be offered by auction on the 9th May, 1900.

2. The bidder of the highest rent shall be declared to be the lessee, and, if any dispute arises as to the last or highest bidding for any lot, the lot in dispute shall be put up again at the last-preceding bidding.

3. The highest bidder for each lot shall, upon the fall of the hammer, pay to the auctioneer the first half-year's rent in advance by way of deposit, which shall represent the half-year's rent as from the 1st July, 1900, and shall cover the period between the date of sale and such 1st July, 1900.

4. The second half-year's rent shall become payable on the 1st January, 1901, and thenceforth shall be paid half-yearly in advance.

5. As soon as may be after the highest bidder is ascertained, a lease will be prepared, for which there will be a charge of £1, to be paid by the lessee. Such lease shall be for the term of twenty-one years, commencing from the 1st day of July, 1900, and the lessee shall execute the same in triplicate at the office of the Commissioner of Crown Lands, Wellington, whenever requested so to do.

6. The following allotments are weighted with the value of improvements, as provided by subsection (2) of section 14 of "The Native Townships Act, 1895," as follows; and such value shall be paid at the same time and in the same manner as the deposit heretofore mentioned:—

	£	s.	d.
Section 4, Block III. . .	..	4	0 0
Section 9, Block III. . .	..	309	15 0
Section 10, Block III. . .	..	22	10 0
Section 14, Block III. . .	..	25	0 0
Section 31, Block III. . .	..	17	10 0
Section 8, Block IV. . .	..	8	0 0
Section 9, Block IV. . .	..	40	0 0
Section 11, Block IV. . .	..	2	0 0
Section 12, Block IV. . .	..	2	0 0
Section 17, Block IV. . .	..	20	0 0
Section 8, Block V. . .	..	20	0 0
Section 10, Block V. . .	..	70	0 0
Section 1 Block VII. . .	..	1	0 0

Section 7, Block III., is offered subject to the right of the owners of sawmill plant and machinery to remove same within one month from date of sale.

7. The following sections are offered subject to leases under which they are now held from the Native owners, particulars of which are as follows:—

Sections 1-10 inclusive, Block II., and Sections 9 and 10, Block III., and Sections 11 and 12, Block IV., are leased to Mr. George Floyd for a period of five years from 1st November, 1898; Sections 8 and 9, Block IV., are leased to Mr. J. Torrey for five years from 1st January, 1899; Section 8, Block V., is leased for three years to Mrs. Love, lease to be cancelled before date of sale of townships.

Sections 3, 4, 7, and 32, Block III., are offered for lease subject to the Native owners' right of tramway through them.

8. Should the highest bidder neglect or fail to comply with any of the conditions, his deposit-money shall thereupon be forfeited to the Commissioner, who shall be at full liberty either to enforce the letting or to relet the premises at such time and place and in such manner as he thinks fit.

9. Every lease shall be in the following form, with such modification as the circumstances may require:—

THIS deed, made the \_\_\_\_\_ day of \_\_\_\_\_, one thousand nine hundred and \_\_\_\_\_, under the provisions of "The Native Townships Act, 1895," between Her Majesty Queen Victoria (who, with her heirs and successors, is hereinafter referred to and included in the expression "the lessor") of the one part, and \_\_\_\_\_, of \_\_\_\_\_, in the Land District of \_\_\_\_\_, in the Colony of New Zealand (who, with his \_\_\_\_\_ executors, administrators, and permitted assigns, is hereinafter referred to and included in the expression "the lessee"), of the other part, witnesseth that, in consideration of the rent hereinafter reserved, and of the covenants, conditions, and agreements herein contained and implied, and on the part of the lessee to be paid, observed, and performed, the lessor hereby demises and leases unto the lessee all that piece of land, containing by admeasurement \_\_\_\_\_ acres \_\_\_\_\_ roods \_\_\_\_\_ perches, a little more or less, situate in the Native Township of \_\_\_\_\_, and being allotment numbered \_\_\_\_\_, Block \_\_\_\_\_, on the plan of that township, as the same is more particularly delineated and described in the plan drawn hereon, and therein coloured red in outline; together with all ways, rights, easements, and appurtenances to the same belonging: To hold the demised premises unto the lessee for the term of twenty-one years, commencing on the 1st day of \_\_\_\_\_, one thousand \_\_\_\_\_; yielding and paying therefor the annual rent of \_\_\_\_\_, payable half-yearly in advance on the 1st day of January and the 1st day of July in each year during the said term, free from all deductions whatsoever, the first half-yearly payment of such rent having been already made, and the next payment to become due and be made on the 1st day of \_\_\_\_\_ thereafter.

And the lessee hereby covenants with the lessor as follows, namely:—

(1.) The lessee shall not nor will at any time during the said term assign, underlet, or part with the possession of the demised premises, or any part thereof, without the previous consent in writing of the Commissioner of Crown Lands for the time being of the Land District of Wellington, hereinafter called "the Commissioner."

(2.) The lessee will from time to time during the said term pay unto the lessor the said rent on the days and in manner aforesaid, and also will from time to time pay and discharge all rates, taxes, charges, and assessments whatsoever now or hereafter to become payable upon or in respect of the demised premises or any part thereof.

(3.) The lessee will, during the said term, well and sufficiently repair, maintain, and keep the demised premises and all buildings, fences, and erections from time to time built or erected thereon in good and substantial repair and condition (reasonable wear-and-tear, and damage by fire, storm, earthquake, or tempest only excepted). In the erection of any buildings from time to time the lessee will abide by and conform to the alignment of streets and roads, and also to all the by-laws and regulations from time to time in force, or made or passed by the local authority for the time being intrusted, under "The Native Townships Act, 1895," with the administration of the local affairs of the said township, by whatever name or designation such local authority may for the time being be called, but hereinafter referred to as "the local authority."

(4.) The lessee will from time to time construct, maintain, and keep all such privies, ashpits, and other works of a similar character as may be ordered or directed by the local authority; and, in cutting and laying of drains and channels for the conveyance of water or waste material or refuse of any kind, and in maintaining or providing for the sanitary state and condition of the demised premises, will at all times act in accordance with the direction of the local authority or the requirements of any laws, by-laws, rules, or

regulations for the time being in force providing for the sanitary state and condition of the said township.

(5.) The lessee will not at any time during the said term, without the previous consent in writing of the local authority, carry on or permit to be carried on upon the said land or any part thereof the trade or business of a soap-boiler, tallow-chandler, tanner, slaughterman, meat curer or preserver, or any noisy, noxious, or offensive trade or manufacture of any kind whatever.

(6.) The lessee will permit the lessor, or any person on her behalf duly authorised as hereinafter provided, from time to time to enter upon the demised premises at all reasonable times to view the state and condition thereof, and upon notice of any defect or want of repair being given to the lessee, or left for him on the premises, the lessee will, within one month thereafter, make good any such defect or want of repair:

Provided always that whenever the rent hereby reserved or any part thereof is in arrear for twenty-one days the same may be levied by distress without any previous demand of payment or notice of any kind: Provided further that, if the lessee makes default for thirty days in the full and punctual payment of any of the said rent, or if he makes default in the faithful performance or observance of any other covenant or condition on his part herein contained or implied, or if the Commissioner is satisfied that the land comprised in this lease is being held unused and to the hindrance of the trade and progress of the said township, then and in any such case, and without any notice or demand whatsoever, it shall be lawful for the lessor to re-enter upon the demised premises and thereby determine this lease, and that without releasing the lessee from any liability in respect of any rent due or of any preceding breach of covenant.

And it is hereby declared and agreed as follows, that is to say,—

(1.) The rent hereby reserved may be paid to the Receiver of Land Revenue for the time being of the Land District of Wellington, on behalf of the lessor, and the receipt of such Receiver shall be a good discharge to the lessee.

(2.) Any power which may be exercisable under these presents by or on behalf of the lessor may from time to time be exercised by the Commissioner, or by any person whom he from time to time appoints for that purpose.

(3.) Service on the lessee of any notice under this lease may be effected either personally or by posting the same in a registered letter addressed to him, either at his last-known place of business or abode in the colony or at the demised land.

(4.) The lessee, faithfully observing and performing all the covenants, conditions, and agreements on his part herein contained or implied, shall, on the expiration by effluxion of time of the term hereby granted, have the right to a renewal of the lease, or to valuation for all substantial improvements of a permanent character made or owned by him and then existing on the demised land: Provided that such right shall exist only to the extent and subject to the conditions following, that is to say:—

(1.) Not sooner than nine nor later, than six months before the expiration of the said term by effluxion of time two separate valuations shall be made in manner prescribed (*mutatis mutandis*) by sections 79 and 80 of "The Land Act, 1892," of

(a.) All such improvements as aforesaid; and of  
(b.) The annual ground-rent of the land (exclusive of such improvements as aforesaid) for a fresh term of twenty-one years.

(2.) After the making and publishing of the aforesaid valuations, which shall be effected by serving a copy thereof on the lessee and another copy on the Commissioner, but not later than one month before the date of such expiration as aforesaid, the lessee shall, by notice in writing served on the Commissioner, elect whether he will accept a new lease of the demised land (including the aforesaid improvements) for a fresh term of twenty-one years, computed from the date of such expiration as aforesaid, at the annual ground-rent ascertained by valuation as aforesaid, and subject in all other respects to the same covenants and conditions as those of this present lease.

(3.) If for any reason the lessee does not duly elect in manner aforesaid to accept such new lease, or if, having duly elected, he for any reason does not execute such new lease when requested by the Commissioner so to do, his right to a new lease shall be and be deemed to be abandoned, and the land shall be disposed of by lease at such time, in such manner, and subject to such conditions not inconsistent with the said Act and the regulations for the time being in force thereunder as the Commissioner thinks fit: Provided that it

shall be one of the conditions of the new lease that the new lessee pays to the Commissioner the amount at which the improvements (if then existing) have been valued as aforesaid, or such less amount as the Commissioner thinks just, having regard to the extent to which such improvements have deteriorated since the date of the original valuation; and all moneys actually received by the Commissioner in respect of such valuation shall be paid over to the lessee under this present lease as soon as the Commissioner is satisfied that the new lessee has been admitted into full and quiet possession of the premises: Provided, further, that in no case shall the lessee under this present lease have any claim against the Crown or the Commissioner in respect of any such improvements, or of the value thereof, save to the extent of the moneys which are actually received as aforesaid from the new lessee, and available for payment, and which the lessee under this present lease becomes actually entitled to.

J. W. A. MARCHANT,  
Commissioner of Crown Lands.

*Pastoral Land in the Wellington Land District for Lease by Public Auction.*

District Lands and Survey Office,  
Wellington, 6th March, 1900.

NOTICE is hereby given that the under-mentioned pastoral land will be offered for lease by public auction, at the District Lands and Survey Office, Wellington, on Wednesday, the 25th April, 1900, at 11 am.

SCHEDULE.

WELLINGTON LAND DISTRICT.—HUTT AND WAIRARAPA SOUTH COUNTIES.

Pastoral Lease (under Part VI. of "The Land Act, 1892").  
*Pastoral Run.*

Survey District.	Run.	Block.	Area.			Upset Annual Rental.		
			A.	R.	P.	£	s.	d.
Akatarawa ..	32	XII. XVI. VII. II.	3,000	0	0	2	0	0
Waiohine ..								
Wairarapa ..								

Term: Twenty-one years.

This land is situated on the Rimutaka Range to the north of Rimutaka Road, between the Featherston and Rimutaka Districts. A portion of the area is more or less cleared through bush-fires. Special attention is directed to a condition of license which provides that all rabbits on the land shall be destroyed and their increase prevented to the satisfaction of the Commissioner or of the Inspector of Stock.

TERMS OF SALE.

1. Possession of the run will be given to the purchaser of the license on the day of sale.

2. No person or company may become the holder of more than one run under Part VI. of "The Land Act, 1892": Provided that the holder of any run under the said Act of a carrying-capacity of less than ten thousand sheep or two thousand head of cattle may become the lessee of an aggregate area sufficient to carry such a number of sheep or cattle. The holder of any small grazing-run under Part V. of "The Land Act, 1892," shall not be the holder of any run under Part VI. of the said Act.

3. The license shall be dated on the 1st March, 1901, and shall include in addition the whole period between the date of possession and the said 1st March, 1901. The Crown or its assigns, or the Commissioner of Crown Lands for the Wellington Land District for the time being, may at any time determine the license by giving to the licensee, or sending to him through the ordinary course of post, or leaving on the run, one year's previous notice in writing of their intention so to do; the last payment of rent in such case to be a proportionate part of the said annual rent from the last day for payment of rent up to the date of such determination. No compensation whatever shall be payable to the licensee on account of such determination.

4. The license shall be subject to the following conditions, amongst others:—

(1.) That if the licensee, or any person claiming an interest through or under him, shall make or cause to be made any agreement or contract, or

shall give or cause to be given or taken any negotiable security, for the purpose of defeating or evading the provisions of, or shall in any way whatsoever, directly or indirectly, commit or be privy to a fraud upon, "The Land Act, 1892," the license shall be liable to be forfeited and revoked:

- (2.) That the licensee shall prevent the destruction or burning of timber or bush on the land comprised in the license:
- (3.) That the licensee shall prevent the growth or spread of gorse, broom, and sweetbriar on the land comprised in the license, and shall with all reasonable speed remove or cause to be removed all gorse, sweetbriar, broom, or other noxious weeds or plants, as may be directed by the Commissioner: and
- (4.) That the licensee shall destroy all rabbits on the land comprised in the license, and shall prevent their increase or spread, to the satisfaction of the Commissioner or an officer appointed by him to inspect the ground, or of the Inspector of Stock.

5. The licensee shall have the exclusive right of pasturage over the lands specified in his license, but shall have no right to the soil, or timber or minerals thereon or therein.

6. One half-year's rent and a license-fee of £1 ls. shall be paid on the fall of the hammer, and the purchaser shall make a declaration in terms of section 195 of "The Land Act, 1892." The rent shall be paid half-yearly in advance, on the 1st day of March and the 1st day of September in each year during the term of the license. Should the half-yearly rental at any period not be paid within thirty days, a penalty of 10 per cent. in addition will be enforced.

7. No liability is accepted by or on behalf of the Crown in respect of any fencing existing upon the Crown lands offered for license.

DECLARATION.

I, \_\_\_\_\_, of \_\_\_\_\_, do solemnly and sincerely declare,—

1. That I am the person who, subject to the provisions of "The Land Act, 1892," am desirous of becoming the purchaser of a lease or license of pastoral lands.

2. That I am purchasing the lease or license of such lands solely for my own use and benefit, and not directly or indirectly for the use or benefit of any other person or persons whomsoever.

3. That I am not the holder of any lease or license in any part of the colony, nor have I any interest in any lease or license in contravention of section 193 of the said Act.

4. That I am not the holder of a small grazing-run in any part of the colony, nor have I any interest in any such run. And I make this solemn declaration conscientiously believing the same to be true, and by virtue of an Act of the General Assembly of New Zealand intituled "The Justices of the Peace Act, 1882." (Signature.)

Declared at \_\_\_\_\_, this \_\_\_\_\_ day of \_\_\_\_\_, 19\_\_\_\_, before me— \_\_\_\_\_, a Justice of the Peace in and for the Colony of New Zealand.

J. W. A. MARCHANT,  
Commissioner of Crown Lands.

*Village-homestead Land, Ngamatea Village, Wellington, open for Selection on Lease in Perpetuity.*

District Lands and Survey Office,  
Wellington, 28th March, 1900.

THE under-mentioned Crown lands will be open for selection on lease in perpetuity, at the District Lands and Survey Office, Wellington, on and after Tuesday, 29th May, 1900.

If more than one application be received for the section on the same day, then the order of selection shall be decided by ballot on the following day, at 11 a.m., at the District Lands and Survey Office, Wellington. If the section be not applied for on the 29th May, 1900, it will be open thereafter for application at the District Lands and Survey Office, Wellington.

SCHEDULE.

WELLINGTON LAND DISTRICT.—NGAMATEA VILLAGE SETTLEMENT.  
*First-class Land.*

Section.	Area.	Lease in Perpetuity: Rent, 4 per Cent.	
		Rent per Acre.	Half-yearly Rent.
72	A. R. P. 100 0 0	£ s. d. 0 1 4.8	£ s. d. 3 10 0

Weighted with £226 2s. 6d. for improvements.

This section is situated in the Maungakaretu District, on the western slopes of the watershed between Whangaeahu River and Mangamahū Stream. The access is from Manga-weka, which is about seventeen miles distant, via the Whangaeahu Valley Road, which is formed for dray traffic for about ten miles, and a bridle-track to within about a mile from the section, the rest is not formed. The section comprises hilly and undulating land with occasional small flats. Nearly the whole area has been laid down in good grass; only a few clumps of shelter-bush are left. The soil is of good quality, resting on papa-and-sandstone formation. The section is well watered by small streams. The elevation ranges from about 1,300 ft. above sea-level. The general quality of the section is good. The improvements comprise—Felling and grassing, 97 acres at £1 12s. 6d. per acre, £157 12s. 6d.; stumping, &c., £7; fencing, £45; buildings (slab whare and outbuildings), £16 10s.: total, £226 2s. 6d.

TERMS AND CONDITIONS OF LEASE.

1. The land enumerated herein is first-class land, and is a village-homestead allotment, open for selection on lease in perpetuity under the provisions of "The Land Act, 1892" (hereinafter referred to as "the said Act").
2. The day on which the land shall be open for selection shall be Tuesday, the 29th May, 1900.
3. The rental stated herein shall be the price at which the land shall be open for selection.
4. Applications for leases shall be made in manner as provided in Part I. of the said Act; and all such applications shall be made to the Commissioner of Crown Lands, Wellington; and a lease will be issued in accordance with the provisions of Part I. aforesaid.
5. Each applicant shall state his or her residence, occupation, and condition in life (namely, whether married or single), and will be required to make the declaration prescribed in Schedule C of the said Act.
6. The successful applicant shall pay the first half-year's rent, together with the lease- and registration-fee, and the valuation for improvements, immediately the application has been approved or declared successful at the ballot.
7. All rents must be paid half-yearly, in advance, on the 1st days of January and July in each year, as provided in section 157 of the said Act; and the first half-year's rent is payable as before provided.
8. No lessee shall hold more than one allotment, and such allotment shall be held for his or her sole use and benefit, and not for the use or benefit of any other person whosoever. No married woman shall be eligible as a selector; but this provision shall not apply to any married woman who may become a transferee under a will or by virtue of an intestacy.
9. Improvements and residence on the land comprised in the lease shall be as provided in Part III. of the said Act. The provisions of section 144, and all other provisions of the said Act with respect to substantial improvements, shall apply accordingly to a lessee under these regulations. The provisions of section 141, and all other provisions of the said Act in respect of compulsory residence, shall apply accordingly to a lessee under these regulations.
10. The lessee shall not subdivide, sublet, or transfer the land held by him under these regulations, except under and subject to the provisions of Part I. of the said Act.
11. All the provisions of the said Act, so far as applicable, shall extend and apply to the land affected by these regulations, and to the applications and leases to be made and issued thereunder, and generally to the interests created, and the persons whose rights, liabilities, or interests are thereby affected; and the mention of any particular provision of the said Act shall not be deemed to exclude any other provision of the said Act applicable to the particular case.

J. W. A. MARCHANT,  
Commissioner of Crown Lands.

Land in the Albury Settlement, County of Mackenzie, Canterbury, open for Lease in Perpetuity.

District Lands and Survey Office,  
Christchurch, 2nd April, 1900.

NOTICE is hereby given that the under-mentioned land will be opened for selection on lease in perpetuity, at the District Land and Survey Offices, Christchurch and Timaru, on Tuesday, the 29th May, 1900, under the provisions of "The Land Act, 1892," "The Land for Settlements Act, 1894," the Land for Settlements Act Amendment Acts, 1895 and 1896, and the regulations made thereunder.

If more than one application be received for the same section on the same day, then the order of selection shall be decided by ballot at the District Land and Survey Office, Christchurch.

If the sections be not applied for on the 29th May, 1900, they will be open for application thereafter at the District Land and Survey Offices, Christchurch and Timaru.

SCHEDULE.

CANTERBURY LAND DISTRICT.—MACKENZIE COUNTY.—THE  
NGAWAI SURVEY DISTRICT.—ALBURY SETTLEMENT.  
First-class Agricultural Land.

Section.	Block.	Area.	Capital Value.		Lease in Perpetuity: Rent, 5 per Cent.	
			Per Acre.	Total.	Rent per Acre.	Half-yearly Rent.
47	XV.	A. R. P.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	s. d.	£ s. d.
62		305 0 27	5 13 0	1,724 4 1	5 7-8	43 2 1
63		XIV.	100 0 0	6 13 6	667 10 0	6 8-1

Lot 47, Albury Settlement, is situated on the north side of the Camp Valley Road, about two miles westward from Albury Railway-station by good metalled road; there is also access from the north-eastern corner of the section, to Tengawai Railway-station, distant one mile and a quarter. The land consists of open flat-topped downs, sloping gradually towards the north and east, and falling abruptly towards the Camp Valley Road; the soil is a rich loam over clay subsoil. The elevation ranges from about 850 ft. to 1,100 ft. above sea-level.

Lots 62 and 63 are situated on the south side of the Camp Valley Road, about four miles westward from Albury Railway-station; they consist of open undulating land with flat-topped spurs, at an elevation of from 1,100 ft. to 1,200 ft. above sea-level; the soil being a deep loam of good quality on clay subsoil.

The sections are weighted with valuations for improvements as follows: Lot 47, £68 17s., being valuation of small house and boundary fencing; Lots 62 and 63, £38, being valuation of small hut and boundary and internal fencing. These sums must be paid by the successful applicants before being admitted to possession of the lands.

SIDNEY WEETMAN,  
Commissioner of Crown Lands.

Reserves in Canterbury for Lease by Written Tender.

District Lands and Survey Office,  
Christchurch, 26th March, 1900.

NOTICE is hereby given that written tenders will be received at the District Lands and Survey Office, Christchurch, up to 12 noon on Wednesday, 16th May, 1900, for the leases of the under-mentioned reserves.

In the event of no tender being received at the time named for any of the lots, they will remain open for lease on application at the upset rentals and for the terms as stated herein.

SCHEDULE.

CANTERBURY LAND DISTRICT.

Reserve.	Survey District.	Block.	Area.	Minimum Annual Rental.	Term.
77	Akaroa..	IV.	A. R. P. 35 3 11	£ s. d. 21 9 10	7 yrs. from 1/10/1900.
77A	Akaroa..	IV.	60 0 0	36 0 0	7 yrs. from 1/10/1900.
Part 2166	{ Akaroa Gough's Halswell	XII.	36 1 0	23 16 10	{ 7 yrs. from 1/4/1900.
Lot 4, Block I., Res. 959		X.	60 0 0	9 0 0	
Part 1650	Rangitata	VIII.	147 0 0	7 7 0	3 yrs. from 1/7/1900.
Part 1237	Rangitata	I.	335 0 0	25 2 6	5 yrs. from 1/7/1900.

Reserves Nos. 77 and 77A are situated on the slopes of German Bay Hill, about a mile and a half north-westerly from the Town of Akaroa, and comprise good hilly grazing-land.

Reserve No. 2166, situated at the entrance of Akaroa Harbour, is known as the Akaroa Lighthouse Reserve, and comprises steep hilly land of good pastoral quality. The lessee of this reserve will be required to maintain the lighthouse-paddock fence, and to preserve from destruction the native bush on the reserve, and will be allowed to plough and lay down in grass an area of 30 acres on the reserve. A right of road from the lighthouse to the roads leading to Akaroa is reserved across the land leased.

Lot 4, Block I., Reserve No. 959, is situated on the south

side of the Halswell River, at the upper end of the Ahuriri Lagoon, about two miles and a half south-easterly from Greenpark Railway-station, and comprises low-lying land, partly liable to flood, but good for summer grazing.

Part of Reserve No. 1650 comprises the northern portion of the North Rangitata Township Reserve, lying on both sides of the main south railway-line, adjacent to the Ealing Railway-station, and consists of open level land of fair pastoral quality.

Part of Reserve No. 1237 is situated on the north-east side of the Rangitata River, adjacent to the Arundel Traffic-bridge, and comprises the upper terrace-lands and river-flats, consisting of stony well-grassed land of fair quality. Permission will be granted to the lessee of this reserve, if so desired, to plough up an area not exceeding 100 acres above the terrace, at the northern end of the reserve, and crop the same with root-crops, or to lay down an area not exceeding 20 acres in any one year with crop of oats sown with grass and clover-seeds of good quality and quantity: the whole of the area so cultivated must be laid down and left in good pasture to the satisfaction of the Commissioner of Crown Lands upon the expiration of the lease.

TERMS AND CONDITIONS OF LEASE.

1. Tenders must be accompanied by marked cheque or money-order for the amount of six months' rent at the rate offered, together with £1 1s. lease-fee.

2. Possession of part 2166 will be given on the day of acceptance of tender, and of others on the day of commencement of lease.

3. The leases will be for the terms stated in the Schedule.

4. The Commissioner of Crown Lands may at any time resume possession of the land comprised in the lease, or any portion thereof, by giving to the lessee twelve months' notice in writing of his intention so to do.

5. The lessee shall have no right to compensation either for any improvements that may be placed upon the land, nor on account of the aforesaid resumption, nor for any other cause.

6. The lessee shall have no right to sublet, transfer, or otherwise dispose of the whole or any portion of the land comprised in the lease except with the written consent of the Commissioner of Crown Lands first had and obtained.

7. The land shall be used for grazing purposes only, and shall not be broken up or cropped without the written consent of the Commissioner of Crown Lands first had and obtained.

8. The lessee shall destroy all rabbits on the land, and shall prevent their increase or spread to the satisfaction of the Commissioner of Crown Lands.

9. The lessee shall prevent the growth and spread of gorse, broom, and sweetbriar on the land comprised in the lease; and he shall with all reasonable despatch remove or cause to be removed all gorse, broom, sweetbriar, or other noxious weeds or plants, as may be directed by the Commissioner of Crown Lands.

10. The rent shall be payable half-yearly, in advance, free of all deductions whatsoever.

11. The lease shall be liable to forfeiture in case the lessee shall fail to fulfil any of the conditions of the said lease within sixty days after the date on which the same ought to be fulfilled.

The highest or any tender will not necessarily be accepted.

SIDNEY WEETMAN,  
Commissioner of Crown Lands.

Township and Rural Lands, Nelson Land District, for Sale by Auction for Cash.

District Lands and Survey Office,  
Nelson, 26th March, 1900.

THE under-mentioned sections will be submitted to public auction for sale for cash, at the Courthouse, Takaka, on Wednesday, the 16th May, 1900, at noon.

SCHEDULE.

Lot 1.—Part Section 21, Block X., Township of Takaka, 1 rood, fronting the main Takaka Valley Road, about two miles and a half from the Port of Waitapu; upset price, £25.

Lot 2.—Part 2 of Section 113, Block X., Waitapu Survey District, 34 acres 3 roods 7 perches; upset price, £2 10s. per acre.

Lot 3.—Part 3 of Section 113, Block X., Waitapu Survey District, 35 acres 1 rood 11 perches; upset price, £2 10s. per acre.

The above sections are situated near the Village of Takaka, distant about four miles from the Port of Waitapu, Golden Bay.

Part 2 of Section 113 is about one-half terrace land, medium soil for grass; timber, birch and rimu, and scrub

in gullies. Remaining half nearly flat, fair soil; timber, rimu, birch, with a little rata and pukatea.

Part 3 of Section 113, two-thirds high terrace land, medium soil for grass on slopes and in gullies; timber, chiefly birch with some rimu. Remaining one-third nearly flat, rather wet, medium soil for grass; timber, chiefly brown-birch with some rimu.

Terms of Sale.—One-fifth of the purchase-money to be paid on the fall of the hammer, and the balance, with Crown-grant fee, within thirty days thereafter; otherwise the part of the purchase-money paid by way of deposit shall be forfeited, and the contract for the sale of the land be null and void.

Full particulars may be ascertained and plans obtained at this office.

THOS. HUMPHRIES,  
Commissioner of Crown Lands.

Small Grazing-runs, Mangatoro Survey District, Hawke's Bay, for Lease on Application.

District Lands and Survey Office,  
Napier, 10th April, 1900.

NOTICE is hereby given that the under-mentioned small grazing-runs will be open for lease on application at the District Lands and Survey Office, Napier, on Wednesday, 13th June, 1900, at the half-yearly rentals noted below.

SCHEDULE.

HAWKE'S BAY LAND DISTRICT.—WAIPAWA AND PATANGATA COUNTIES.—MANGATORO SURVEY DISTRICT.

Small Grazing-run No.	Block.	Area.	Lease for Twenty-one Years.							
			Rent per Acre per Annum.		Half-yearly Rent.					
		A.	R.	P.	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	
73	XII.	4,020	0	0	0	1	5	12	11	3
74	XII.	3,200	0	0	0	0	1	5	10	0
75	XV.	4,910	0	0	0	0	1	5	15	6

These runs are steep and broken country, bush-clad; timber chiefly black-birch and manuka; soil poor; well watered. Runs are from 450 ft. to 2,050 ft. above sea-level: 73 and 74 are distant from Ormondville 18½ to 20½ miles, and 75 is distant from Weber Township ten miles.

E. C. GOLD SMITH,  
Commissioner of Crown Lands.

Land in Blind River Estate, Marlborough, open for Application on Lease in Perpetuity.

District Lands and Survey Office,  
Blenheim, 10th April, 1900.

NOTICE is hereby given that the under-mentioned Crown land will be opened for selection on lease in perpetuity, at the District Lands and Survey Office, Blenheim, on Monday, the 4th June, 1900, under the provisions of "The Land Act, 1892," "The Land for Settlements Act, 1894," and its amendments.

SCHEDULE.

MARLBOROUGH LAND DISTRICT.—MARLBOROUGH COUNTY.—CLIFFORD BAY SURVEY DISTRICT.—BLIND RIVER ESTATE.

Second-class Land.

Section.	Block.	Area.	Lease in Perpetuity: Rent, 5 per cent.							
			Rent per Acre per Annum.		Half-yearly Rent.					
		A.	R.	P.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.
10	XII.	147	1	0	0	3	8	13	10	0

Weighted with £84, valuation for improvements. Section 10, Block XII., Clifford Bay Survey District.—110 acres of flat and sloping land, easily ploughable, and 40 acres of hilly and broken country, fit for pastoral purposes only, are comprised in this section. The altitude ranges from 10 ft. to 150 ft. The section extends between the Blind River and the coast, in a belt of about 26 chains in width, and is accessible by Redwood Pass Road, Blenheim to Kairourou. Distance from Blenheim, about twenty miles.

The improvements consist of house valued at £35, 55 chains boundary-fence valued at £33, and 35 chains division-fence valued at £12, fencing material valued at £4; total, £84.

C. W. ADAMS,  
Commissioner of Crown Lands.

*Officers appointed.*

Post and Telegraph Department,  
General Post Office, Wellington, 6th April, 1900.

HIS Excellency the Governor has been pleased to make the following appointments in the Post and Telegraph Department.

J. G. WARD,

Postmaster-General and Electric Telegraph Commissioner.

## PERMANENT.

Name.	Position.	Office.	Date.
Auger, Claude .. .. .	Letter-carrier .. .. .	Auckland .. .. .	6 Nov., 1899.
Bauckham, Charles Dear .. .. .	.. .. .	Hutt .. .. .	1 " " "
Cope, Mabel Anne .. .. .	Cadette, Telephone Exch'ge .. .. .	Wellington .. .. .	20 Oct., " "
Dinnis, George Edward .. .. .	Cadet, Chief Post-office .. .. .	Auckland .. .. .	13 June, " "
Houlahan, Mary Ellen .. .. .	Cadette, Telephone Exch'ge .. .. .	Dunedin .. .. .	26 " " "
Jarman, Ethelwyn Jane .. .. .	.. .. .	.. .. .	8 Aug., " "
Murray, Joseph James .. .. .	Clerk, Chief Post-office .. .. .	Auckland .. .. .	6 Nov., " "

## NON-PERMANENT.

Name.	Office.	District.	Date.
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## POSTMASTERS AND TELEGRAPHISTS.

*Railway Officers.*

Pilkington, Charles .. .. .	Albury .. .. .	Timaru .. .. .	26 Feb., 1900.
Ross, Robert Beaton .. .. .	Lincoln .. .. .	Christchurch .. .. .	2 " " "

## POSTMASTERS.

Brown, James .. .. .	Razorback .. .. .	Dunedin .. .. .	1 Feb., 1900.
Butcher, Margaret .. .. .	Karamu .. .. .	Auckland .. .. .	24 Jan., " "
Cates, George .. .. .	Tutamoe .. .. .	Auckland .. .. .	1 Feb., " "
Chapman, Lucy .. .. .	Teddington .. .. .	Christchurch .. .. .	1 " " "
Dennehy, Mary .. .. .	Rahui .. .. .	Westport .. .. .	1 " " "
Douglas, John Fleming .. .. .	Waihao Downs .. .. .	Timaru .. .. .	1 Mar., " "
Duncan, Walter Henry .. .. .	Glen Oroua .. .. .	Wellington .. .. .	19 Jan., " "
Ewart, Mary .. .. .	Kaiarero .. .. .	Oamaru .. .. .	14 Feb., " "
Frazer, William .. .. .	Kakepuku .. .. .	Auckland .. .. .	8 " " "
Gordon, William .. .. .	Awaroa .. .. .	Auckland .. .. .	18 Jan., " "
Harcourt, Harry .. .. .	Arakihi .. .. .	Gisborne .. .. .	1 " " "
Henderson, Robert .. .. .	Ohakea .. .. .	Wellington .. .. .	26 Feb., " "
Hickson, Emily May .. .. .	Waihakeke .. .. .	Wellington .. .. .	11 Jan., " "
Jones, Sarah Grace .. .. .	Paparimu .. .. .	Auckland .. .. .	16 Feb., " "
Kelly, Rebecca .. .. .	Pukeatua .. .. .	Auckland .. .. .	1 Mar., " "
Kemp, Martin Cowton .. .. .	Harewood Road .. .. .	Christchurch .. .. .	1 Feb., " "
Kippenberger, Karl .. .. .	Ladbrook's .. .. .	Christchurch .. .. .	1 " " "
Kuegler, Frederick William .. .. .	Arno .. .. .	Timaru .. .. .	1 Mar., " "
Leaming, George Henry .. .. .	Waiau Pah .. .. .	Auckland .. .. .	20 Jan., " "
McBeath, Duncan .. .. .	Kimberley .. .. .	Christchurch .. .. .	8 Feb., " "
McKay, Jeap Lindsay .. .. .	Alpine Hill .. .. .	Westport .. .. .	1 " " "
Mason, John .. .. .	Deep Creek .. .. .	Blenheim .. .. .	1 Mar., " "
Merrie, Thomas .. .. .	Otatara .. .. .	Invercargill .. .. .	1 Feb., " "
Moyle, James Lawrence .. .. .	Deep Stream .. .. .	Dunedin .. .. .	1 " " "
Reid, Margaret .. .. .	Ferndale .. .. .	Invercargill .. .. .	6 " " "
Salmons, Mary .. .. .	Akatarawa .. .. .	Wellington .. .. .	1 " " "
Trigg, Esther .. .. .	Utakura .. .. .	Auckland .. .. .	1 Jan., " "
Webb, Frank .. .. .	Kohurutahi .. .. .	New Plymouth .. .. .	20 Feb., " "
White, James .. .. .	Hikuai .. .. .	Auckland .. .. .	1 " " "
White, Katerina .. .. .	Arthurton .. .. .	Invercargill .. .. .	18 Jan., " "
Wykes, Frederick Read .. .. .	Waio tapu .. .. .	Auckland .. .. .	15 Feb., " "
Young, John Albert .. .. .	Patangata .. .. .	Napier .. .. .	1 " " "

## POSTMASTERS AND TELEPHONISTS.

Brebner, Margaret Elizabeth .. .. .	Miller's Flat .. .. .	Dunedin .. .. .	1 Mar., 1900.
Collins, John Stephen .. .. .	Maori Point .. .. .	Invercargill .. .. .	1 Feb., " "
Doyle, Frank .. .. .	Opitonui .. .. .	Auckland .. .. .	1 " " "
Foot, Theodore .. .. .	Warea .. .. .	New Plymouth .. .. .	1 Mar., " "
Hackett, William Lawrence .. .. .	Muriwai .. .. .	Gisborne .. .. .	1 Jan., " "
Kaveney, Jane .. .. .	Annandale .. .. .	Invercargill .. .. .	1 " " "
Masters, Emma Jane .. .. .	Nevis .. .. .	Dunedin .. .. .	1 Feb., " "
Peat, Margaret Wilhelmina Clark .. .. .	Porootarao .. .. .	Auckland .. .. .	1 Mar., " "
Robertson, Donald Edward .. .. .	Plimmerton .. .. .	Wellington .. .. .	6 Feb., " "
Scott, Thomas Baxter .. .. .	Kawhia .. .. .	Auckland .. .. .	1 Mar., " "
Taplin, Alexander Yule .. .. .	Taueru .. .. .	Wellington .. .. .	7 Jan., " "

## TELEPHONISTS.

Bone, David* .. .. .	Tikitiki .. .. .	Gisborne .. .. .	15 Feb., 1900.
Connell, Alexander .. .. .	Tiritiri .. .. .	Auckland .. .. .	19 Dec., 1899.
Fellingham, Augustus Henry .. .. .	Heathcote Valley .. .. .	Christchurch .. .. .	16 Jan., 1900.
Fraser, Catherine Jean .. .. .	Coal Creek Flat .. .. .	Dunedin .. .. .	6 Feb., " "
Jonathan, George Grenville* .. .. .	Linton .. .. .	Wellington .. .. .	22 Dec., 1899.
Jones, Annie Boston .. .. .	Waipiata .. .. .	Dunedin .. .. .	5 Jan., 1900.
Miller, Thomas* .. .. .	Tokomaru .. .. .	Wellington .. .. .	22 Dec., 1899.
Petrie, John* .. .. .	Wright's Bush .. .. .	Invercargill .. .. .	12 Feb., 1900.
Phillips, William* .. .. .	Taneatua .. .. .	Auckland .. .. .	2 " " "
Wilson, George .. .. .	Heathcote Valley .. .. .	Christchurch .. .. .	8 Dec., 1899.

\* Now Postmaster and Telephonist.



Offices opened and closed.

Post and Telegraph Department,  
General Post Office, Wellington, 6th April, 1900.

THE following particulars of offices opened and closed are published for general information.

J. G. WARD,  
Postmaster-General and Electric Telegraph Commissioner.

OFFICES.

Name.	District.	Date.
POST-OFFICES OPENED.		
Arakihi .. .. .	Gisborne .. .. .	1 Jan., 1900.
Arno .. .. .	Timaru .. .. .	1 Mar., "
Awaroa .. .. .	Auckland .. .. .	18 Jan., "
Deep Stream .. .. .	Dunedin .. .. .	1 Feb., "
Ferndale .. .. .	Invercargill .. .. .	6 " "
Glen Oroua .. .. .	Wellington .. .. .	19 Jan., "
Kaiarero .. .. .	Oamaru .. .. .	14 Feb., "
Kohuratahi .. .. .	New Plymouth .. .. .	20 " "
Ladbrook's .. .. .	Christchurch .. .. .	1 " "
Ohakea .. .. .	Wellington .. .. .	26 " "
Pukeatua .. .. .	Auckland .. .. .	1 Mar., "
Rahui .. .. .	Westport .. .. .	1 Feb., "
Tutamoe .. .. .	Auckland .. .. .	1 " "
Waihao Downs .. .. .	Timaru .. .. .	1 Mar., "
Waiotapu .. .. .	Auckland .. .. .	15 Feb., "
MONEY-ORDER OFFICE AND POST-OFFICE SAVINGS-BANK OPENED.		
Kawhia .. .. .	Auckland .. .. .	24 Mar., 1900.
Whangapara .. .. .	" .. .. .	1 April, "
MONEY-ORDER OFFICE AND POST-OFFICE SAVINGS-BANK CLOSED.		
Okupu .. .. .	Auckland .. .. .	31 Mar., 1900.
TELEPHONE-OFFICES OPENED.		
Rangitaiki .. .. .	Napier .. .. .	5 Mar., 1900.
Tikorangi .. .. .	New Plymouth .. .. .	19 " "
TELEPHONE-OFFICE CLOSED.		
Rona .. .. .	Wellington .. .. .	21 Mar., 1900.
TELEPHONE EXCHANGE OPENED.		
Inglewood .. .. .	New Plymouth .. .. .	15 Mar., 1900.
TELEPHONE BUREAUX OPENED.		
Papatoetoe .. .. .	Auckland .. .. .	8 Mar., 1900.
Poroti .. .. .	" .. .. .	27 " "
Wairoa .. .. .	Napier .. .. .	8 " "
Whakapara .. .. .	Auckland .. .. .	27 " "

Native Land Court Notices.

"The Native Land Court Act, 1894."—Application under Section 55.

Registrar's Office, Auckland, 12th April, 1900.

NOTICE is hereby given that application has been made to a Judge of the Court for a certificate under section 55 of "The Native Land Court Act, 1894," confirming the alienation hereunder specified. All objections to the granting of such certificate must be lodged with me within fourteen days from the publication of this notice.

JAS. W. BROWNE, Registrar.

[Auckland, Sec. 55, 1900-8.]

THE ALIENATION ABOVE REFERRED TO.

No.	Nature of Alienation.	Date.	Name of Land.	Names of Parties.
9	Transfer (C.A. 1900-48) ..	27th March, 1900 ..	Lots 116 and 117, Parish of Awitu	Henare Ngaroma Kaihau, of Waiuku, to Sydney Charles Leach and Hedley John Leach, both of South Manukau Heads.

"The Native Land Court Act, 1894."—Application under Section 55.

Registrar's Office, Gisborne, 9th April, 1900.

NOTICE is hereby given that application has been made to a Judge of the Court for a certificate under section 55 of "The Native Land Court Act, 1894," confirming the alienation hereunder specified. All objections to the granting of such certificate must be lodged with me within fourteen days from the publication of this notice.

JOHN BROOKING, Registrar.

[Gisborne, 00-15.]

THE ALIENATION ABOVE REFERRED TO.

No.	Nature of Alienation.	Date.	Name of Land.	Names of Parties.
270	Transfer .. .. .	7th April, 1900 ..	Okaunga .. .. .	Wi Patene Waipara to J. Clark.

## "The Native Land Court Act, 1894."

Registrar's Office, Wellington, 17th April, 1900.

NOTICE is hereby given that the several matters mentioned in the Schedule hereunder written will be heard by the Native Land Court sitting at Wellington on the 26th day of April, 1900, or as soon thereafter as the business of the Court will allow.  
[Wellington, 00-15.]

## SCHEDULE.

APPLICATION under "The Public Works Act, 1894," and "The Kapiti Island Public Reserve Act, 1897," to ascertain the Compensation payable to the Owner of the Land taken for a Reserve.

No.	Name of Applicant.	Name of Land.
129	Hohaia te Kotua .. .. .	Waiorua-Kapiti No. 5.

## Bankruptcy Notices.

*In Bankruptcy.—In the Supreme Court, holden at Auckland.*

NOTICE is hereby given that WILLIAM BARNSDALE, of Otahuhu, Engineer, was this day adjudged bankrupt; and I hereby summon a meeting of creditors, to be holden at my office, on Tuesday, the 17th day of April, 1900, at 11 o'clock.

7th April, 1900.

JOHN LAWSON,  
Official Assignee.

*In Bankruptcy.—In the Supreme Court, holden at Dunedin.*

NOTICE is hereby given that ARCHIBALD HENRY CRAWFORD, of Dunedin, Merchant (trading as "A. H. Crawford and Co."), was this day adjudged bankrupt; and I hereby summon a meeting of creditors, to be holden at my office, on Wednesday, the 18th day of April, 1900, at 2.30 o'clock.

9th April, 1900.

C. C. GRAHAM,  
Official Assignee.

*In Bankruptcy.*

*In the Estate of JAMES SMITH ALLAN, of Gisborne, Plumber.*

A SUPPLEMENTARY dividend of 3½d. in the pound is now payable at my office.

Gisborne, 10th April, 1900.

JOHN COLEMAN,  
Deputy Assignee.

## Mining Notices.

## THE MACRAE'S FLAT GOLD-DREDGING COMPANY (LIMITED).

AT a meeting held in the Agricultural Hall Buildings, Dunedin, on 26th March, 1900, the following resolution was carried:—

"That it has been proved to the satisfaction of this meeting that the company cannot, by reason of its liabilities, continue its business, and it is advisable that it be wound up voluntarily."

"That Thomas Callender, Accountant, Dunedin, be appointed Liquidator."

508

THOMAS RODGER,  
Chairman.

## PROGRESS CASTLE ROCK GOLD-MINING COMPANY (NO LIABILITY).

## NOTICE OF INCREASE OF CAPITAL.

I, THE undersigned, Manager, hereby give notice that an increase in the capital of the above-named company was on the 10th day of April, 1900, resolved on.

The mode adopted for the increase is by issuing ten thousand new shares of three shillings each (£,525 of which shares shall be deemed to be, and shall be, issued as paid up to one shilling and threepence halfpenny per share), in addition to the sixty-five thousand shares now existing in the company.

WM. CLARKE,  
Manager of the above-named Company.  
Auckland, 11th April, 1900. 504

## Land Transfer Act Notices.

NOTICE is hereby given that the several parcels of land hereinafter described will be brought under the provisions of "The Land Transfer Act, 1885," unless caveat be lodged forbidding the same within one month from the date of the *Gazette* containing this notice.

3608. MARY ANN McLENNAN.—Part of Allotment 11, Section 24, City of Auckland, containing 11 perches. Occupied by J. McDermott.

3615. EMMA DICKSON.—Part of Allotment 11, Section 24, City of Auckland, containing 15½ perches. Occupied by W. Stanley.

3633. MARY ANN WHEELER.—Part of Allotments 6 and 31, Section 54, City of Auckland, containing 19 perches. Occupied by a tenant.

3643. JOSEPH WILLIAM SOUTER and EDWIN NEVILLE SOUTER.—Allotment 378, Town of Cambridge East, containing 1 acre. Occupied by Applicants.

Diagrams may be inspected at this office.  
Dated this 11th day of April, 1900, at the Lands Registry Office, Auckland.

EDWIN BAMFORD,  
District Land Registrar.

NOTICE is hereby given that the parcel of land hereinafter described will be brought under the provisions of "The Land Transfer Act, 1885," unless caveat be lodged forbidding the same on or before the 19th day of May, 1900.

2977. HUGH POLLEXFEN DEANE.—75 acres, part Section 4, Kaiwarra District. Occupied by Thomas Casey. Diagram may be inspected at this office.

Dated this 18th day of April, 1900, at the Lands Registry Office, Wellington.

508

W. STUART,  
District Land Registrar.

NOTICE is hereby given that the several parcels of land hereinafter described will be brought under the provisions of "The Land Transfer Act, 1885," unless caveat be lodged forbidding the same within one month from date of *Gazette* containing this notice.

8767. MARY ANN HESTER.—2 roods, part of Rural Section 144, Borough of Sumner. Occupied by Sydney Smith.

8768. JOHN STUDHOLME.—1 rood 39½ perches, part of Rural Section 53, Borough of Rangiora. Occupied by Charles Bremble Hawes.

Diagrams may be inspected at this office.  
Dated this 17th day of April, 1900, at the Lands Registry Office, Christchurch.

509

G. G. BRIDGES,  
District Land Registrar.

## Private Advertisements.

In the matter of "The Foreign Companies Act, 1884," and in the matter of the Talisman Consolidated (Limited).

NOTICE is hereby given, pursuant to the provisions of the above-mentioned Act, that the Office of the Talisman Consolidated (Limited), where legal proceedings of any kind may be served and to which notices of any kind may be addressed or given, is at rooms Nos. 26 to 28, upon the first floor of the Palmerston Buildings, Queen Street, in the City of Auckland.

Dated this 2nd day of April, 1900.

A. H. CURTIS,  
Attorney for the said Company. 487

## DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP.

THE Partnership hitherto existing between the undersigned, THOMAS IMPEY and SAMUEL DOUGLAS GREEN, Painters and Decorators, of Grey Street, Auckland, has this day been dissolved by mutual agreement.

The business will be carried on by the undersigned, THOS. IMPEY, who will receive all money due to, and pay all debts owing by, the late firm.

Dated the 31st day of March, 1900.

Signed in the presence of—  
GEO. A. GRIBBIN,  
Solicitor, Auckland.

THOS. IMPEY.  
S. D. GREEN.

As the decorating department will still remain under the management of Mr. Green, customers can rely on having their signwriting, &c., executed in his well-known skilful and artistic manner.

505

THOS. IMPEY.

In the matter of "The Companies Act, 1882," and its amendments; and in the matter of Ellis, Sellgren, and Co. (Limited).

AT an extraordinary general meeting of the members of the above-named company, duly convened and held at the registered office of the company, at Elliott Street, Auckland, on Friday, the 6th day of April, 1900, the following extraordinary resolution was passed:—

"That it has been proved to the satisfaction of this meeting that the company cannot, by reason of its liabilities, continue its business, and that it is advisable to wind up the company, and that the company be wound up accordingly."

And at the same meeting Robert Edward Isaacs, of the City of Auckland, Accountant, was appointed Liquidator for the purposes of such winding-up.

Dated this 6th day of April, 1900.

507

JOHN O. SELLGREN, Chairman.

## PELORUS ROAD BOARD.

RESULT of Poll taken on the 31st March, 1900, on the proposal to adopt "The Rating on Unimproved Value Act, 1896," within the Pelorus Road District:—

Number of votes recorded for the proposal . . . 98  
Number of votes recorded against the proposal . . . 41

The majority of votes recorded being in favour of the proposal, I hereby declare the proposal carried.

JOHN DUNCAN,  
Chairman,  
Pelorus Road Board.

Havelock, Marlborough,  
4th April, 1900.

489

## SCHOOL FOR DEAF-MUTES, SUMNER, NEAR CHRISTCHURCH.

*Under the control and supervision of the Education Department.*

Director: Mr. G. van ASCH.

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